Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



Academia-Industry Cooperation "Needs First"

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



Professor Hitoshi Nakada Associate Professor Tadahiro Furukawa Associate Professor Dr. Toshinao Yuki Professor Dr. Mitsuhiro Koden

Activityp.2~3Consortiump.4~5Background technologiesp.6~9Developed technologiesp.10~18Topics/Publicationp.19



"Award from Minister of State for

Member

Science and Technology Policy" Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017)



p.20

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



Mission and Activity

In flexible organic electronics technologies, we offer academia-industry collaboration with "Needs First", in which needs and requests from collaborating companies are the first priority. We support R&D for practical technologies of the collaborating companies, aiming at contribution to actual businesses. Our activity with "Needs First" was awarded from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy, Government of Japan in 2017.

(Main technologies)

Activity

- **OLED devices and processes**
- **Materials and components for flexible organic electronics**
- Flexible substrates (ultra-thin glass, stainless steel foil, barrier film)
- Barrier technologies / Barrier evaluation and analysis



"Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy" Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017)

- Flexible encapsulating technologies
- Printing and roll-to-roll (R2R) technologies for flexible organic electronics



Features

- <u>"Needs First" (Business First)</u>
 Company's needs is the first priority
- <u>Merits in IPs</u>
- <u>Self-supporting accounting system</u> Unique model based on collaboration with industry
- Individual collaboration / Consortium

Activities

- Support to company's R&D
- Evaluation by actual devices
- Proposal of solution
- Prototype samples

Company's technology

Commercialization (Install to actual devices)

Technology improvement using device technologies of Yamagata University Needs First!

Collaboration with Yamagata University



- Experts for practical development
 Evaluation in terms of practical devices
 Prototype using G1 substrate
 Feedback of all data and prototype samples to collaborating company for the utilizing to their business.
- ✓ Merits for IPs

Skills

- Flexible substrate
- OLED devices and processes
- Barrier technologies
- Barrier evaluation and analysis
- Printing and R2R

Cooperation

- Academia-Industry Cooperation Consortium (p.3~p.5)
 - 1) Yamagata University Flexible Organic Electronics Practical Key Technology Consortium (YU-FOC) [Apr. 2016~Mar. 2019]
 - 2) Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2021] (p.4)
 - 3) Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023] (p.5)
- National Project (p.3)
- Individual Collaboration
- Evaluation support (p.8)
 WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) evaluation with MORESCO

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

山形大学 Yamagata University

Activity Academia-Industry Collaboration "Needs First!"

Our concept is "Needs First", in which needs and requests from participating companies are the first priority in our academia-industry cooperation.





Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



Consortium Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany **International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC)**

Yamagata University has constructed close connection with Saxony/Dresden in Germany in the field of organic electronics, coworking with Yamagata prefecture and Yonezawa city. Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative **Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) collaborates with companies and institutes in** Germany, aiming at novel flexible electronics products.

Project term

October 2017 ~ March 2021

Subjects

LAOLA: Large Area Organic Lighting

Participants

(Jan. 2019)

FUJIKURA KASEI CO., LTD. **KEIHIN RAMTECH CO., LTD. KOMORI** Corporation Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial Co., Ltd. Nippon Electric Glass Co., Ltd.

- **Applications on ultra-thin substrates**
- IonT: Internet on Things Intelligent OLED-OPV **based Signage for interactive Advertisement**
- **F2E:** Free Form Electronics Freedom in design by thermo-formed printed electronics

Leaders

- > Project leader: Associate Prof. T. Furukawa
- Fellow: Prof. T. Takahashi
- Secretary: Prof. M. Koden

Collaboration with German activity

NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material Co., Ltd. Seieido Printing Co., Ltd. SERIA ENGINEERING, INC. SurFtech Transnational Co., Ltd. TAKEDA PRINTING CO., LTD. **TEIJIN LIMITED Tokyo Process Service Co., Ltd.** The Japan Steel Works, LTD. WIREDGATE Inc.

YU-FIC collaborates with 24 German companies and institutes which are organized by Organic **Electronics Saxony (OES), having twice visits a every year, respectively.**

Activity



Germany (Nov. 2017)



Japan (Feb. 2018)



LOPEC/Germany (Mar. 2018)



Germany (Sep. 2018)

Fintech 2018 (Dec. 2018)

IDW'18 (Dec. 2018)

Related program

• JST: Program on Open Innovation Platform with Enterprises, Research Institute and Academia (OPERA) [FY2016~FY2020]

- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]
- MEXT: Regional Innovation Eco-system Program [FY2018~FY2022]

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Consolution Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC)

Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) is constructed by one-by-one collaboration with individual companies, proposing practical development based on the concept of "Needs First". We would appreciate it if you are interested in YU-FLEC.



- > Organic electronics such as OLED
- Others which collaborating companies request

Activity

- Flexible OLEDs on stainless steel foil (p.11) (Nippon Steel & Sumitomo Metal Corporation)
 - To apply stainless steel foil with excellent gas barrier, temperature stability chemical stability, size stability, etc. to
 flexible OLEDs
 - To fabricate electrodes on stainless steel foil by using roll-to-roll (R2R) technologies
- Barrier films with high temperature tolerance for flexible OLEDs (p.13) (KURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.)
 - To apply barrier films with high temperature tolerance to flexible OLEDs
- Flexible encapsulating technologies for OLEDs (p.18)
 (Ajinomoto Co., Inc. / Ajinomoto Fine-Techno Co., Inc.)
 ✓ To develop laminating encapsulation for flexible OLEDs

Fellow: Prof. H. Nakada
Secretary: Prof. M. Koden







- Solution materials for novel light emitting devices.
 - ✓ To evaluate solution materials for novel light emitting devices
 - ✓ To develop novel light emitting devices with solution materials
- Equipment technologies for OLEDs
 ✓ To develop novel technologies for OLED fabrication equipment

Related program

•MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



OLED Device Fabrication

Various types of OLED devices are fabricated based on the requests from collaborating companies. The fabricated OLED devices are utilized for the evaluation of technology potential and prototype samples.

Material

•Small molecular OLED materials

Polymer OLED materials

Background technologies

- Fluorescent, phosphorescent and TADF materials
- •Quantum dot (QD) materials

Process for organic layers

Vacuum evaporation
Solution processes: Spin-coat, Ink-jet, etc.





Device structure

- Bottom emitting OLED
- Top-emitting OLED
- Transparent OLED (Both side emitting)

Barrier layer

Inorganic barrier layer: CVD, Sputtering, ALD
Inorganic/organic alternative stacking barrier layer



R2R sputtering & CVD



Vacuum evaporation

Ink-jet

Encapsulation

Various encapsulating technologies are applied • Common encapsulation with desiccant • Laminating encapsulation



Flexible substrate



Sheet-type lamination





Large size OLED

Large size OLED devices can be fabricated. The maximum substrate size: 30cm × 30cm



OLED vacuum evaporation equipment "ELVESS" (Tokki)



6

Flexible OLED

Flexible OLED devices with various designs can be fabricated.



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



OLED devices with technologies of collaborating companies are evaluated from practical points of view. All evaluating results are feedbacked to the collaborating company and can be utilized to not only the next development but also the demonstration to their customers. \Re

Emission uniformity

Background technologies

> • Emission quality such as uniformity, defects, etc. of OLED devices are evaluated by visual

I-L-V characteristics

- •OLED device characteristics are evaluated.
- * I-V characteristics
- * L-I characteristics
- * Emission spectrum, etc.







Driving lifetime

The reduction of emission intensity of OLED devices under constant current driving is evaluated.



Initial emission (No defect)

Emission after storage test (Dark spot)

Others

The influences of various bending stress on device characteristics, lifetime, etc. are evaluated using bending equipment.







Folding

Both-side bending

7

Other evaluations can be used, based on the request from collaborating companies. (Example)

AFM

Defect analysis

SEM, AFM
3D profile, etc.

43.4 μ m



Hybrid confocal microscopy 38.4

 山形大学 Yamagata University $\mathbf{\Gamma}$ **Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)**



Evaluation of Barrier Properties

Evaluation of barrier properties is very important in flexible organic electronics development. We provide two evaluation methods which are "Calcium corrosion method" and "MA method (Modified differential pressure method with an Attached support)".

Ca corrosion method

- Ca corrosion method utilizes the change in Ca reflectivity which changes by the reaction of Ca and H₂O. This method is useful for the evaluation of defects in barrier layer.
- ✓ WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) is calculated from the evaluation results in Ca corrosion method.





Evaluation equipment of Ca corrosion

Microscopic observation of Ca corrosion Ca corrosion method (40°C90%RH) 0.5 WVTR=1.3×10⁻⁵g/m²/day 0.4 Defect area (%) 0.3 0.2 0.1 **400 600** 800 10001200 200 **Storage tine (Hour)**

WVTR calculation from Ca corrosion test

MA method

WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) evaluation (Collaborating with MORESCO)

- > We provide WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) evaluation, using the WVTR measurement equipment "Super Detect" of MORESCO.
- > The "Super Detect" utilizes the MA method (Modified differential pressure method with an Attached support) developed by the collaboration of MORESCO and AIST (National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and **Technology**).
- \succ The MA method reduces measurement time of high gas barrier film such as higher than 10⁻⁴ g/(m² day), which are required in flexible OLED, OPV, etc. For example, the "Super Detect" requires only about 20 hours for the WVTR measurement of barrier films with the order of 10⁻⁵ g/(m² day), for which the previous methods require about 100 hours. It should be noticed that the measurement time of the "Super Detect" is only 1/5 of previous methods.

- > In addition, the "Super Detect" is able to evaluate wide ranges of WVTR such as $10^{+1} \sim 10^{-7}$ g/(m² day).
- > The "Super Detect" with the MA method is able to warrant the WVTR value by the attached compensating unit developed by AIST. > Moreover, the "Super Detect" is able to evaluate the transmission rate of not only water vapor but also various gasses.





山形大学 Yamagata University 7

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Printing and Roll-to-roll (R2R) Technologies

We provide printing and roll-to-roll (R2R) technologies, aiming at an innovation of production in flexible organic electronics.

Printing / Coating

Various printing and coating equipment can be utilized for printing tests and device fabrications.



Background technologies







Screen printing

Flexography and gravure offset printing

Ink-jet



Roll-to-roll (R2R)

Four types of unique roll-to-roll (R2R) equipment are utilized for fabrications of electrodes, barrier layers, organic layers, etc.

- •Substrate width: 30cm
- Substrate: ultra-thin glass, stainless steel foil, flexible film



R2R sputtering &CVD (KOBELCO)



R2R screen printing (SERIA)



R2R gravure offset and flexography printing (Komori Machinery / Taiyo Kikai)



R2R wet cleaning (FEBACS)

Evaluation

Various evaluation equipment are used for R&D of printing and roll-to-roll (R2R) technologies.









Hybrid confocal microscopy **Precise position** detector



Contact angle measurement

Related prpgram

• MITI: "R&D subsidiary program for promotion of academia-industry cooperation" [FY2013~FY2014] • MEXT: Regional Innovation Strategy Support Program [FY2011~FY2015]

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Flexible OLEDs on Ultra-Thin Glass

We develop flexible OLED devices on ultra-thin glass G-Leaf[®] (Nippon Electric Glass).

Technological features

Developed technologies

- Advantages of ultra-thin glass G-Leaf[®] of Nippon Electric Glass
 Flexible and roll shape due to thin thickness such as 50µm
 - Intrinsic advantages of glass (gas barrier, surface smoothness, temperature stability, chemical stability, size stability, etc.)
- Application of ultra-thin glass to flexible OLED devices.
 - Handling technologies overcoming the brittleness of ultra-thin glass

Developed technologies

- **■** Flexible OLED devices on ultra-thin glass with the thickness of 50μm
 - Roll-to-roll (R2R) fabrication of transparent electrodes on ultra-thin glass without photolithography
 - •Application of ultra-thin glass to OLED substrate and encapsulating substrate.



Collaboration

Nippon Electric Glass, SERIA ENGINEERING, FEBACS, Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial, NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Organic Electronics Practical Key Technology Consortium (YU-FOC) [Apr. 2016~Mar. 2019]
- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2021]
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]

Publication

- Nippon Electric Glass; "LED JAPAN 2018" (Oct. 2018), "FINETECH JAPAN 2018" (Dec. 2018).
- Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial; "FINETECH JAPAN 2018" (Dec. 2018).
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, T. Noda, Y. Hasegawa, D. Kobayashi, M. Koden, *IDW'17*, FLX6-2 (2017).
 "Novel Roll-to-Roll Fabrication Processes of Transparent Electrodes on Ultra-Thin Glass"

• T. Furukawa, M. Koden, *IEICE Trans. Electron*, E100-C, 949-954 (2017). "Novel roll-to-roll deposition and patterning of ITO on ultra-thin glass for flexible OLEDs"

山形大学 Yamagata University

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Flexible OLEDs on Stainless Steel Foil

We develop flexible OLED devices with stainless steel foil (thickness: 50µm) of **NIPPON STEEL & SUMITOMO METAL CORPORATION GROUP.**

Technological features

Developed technologies

- Advantages of stainless steel foils of NIPPON STEEL **& SUMITOMO METAL CORPORATION GROUP** • Thickness: 50µm
 - Excellent surface smoothness (Ra~0.6nm)
 - Excellent temperature and process resistances • High gas barrier ability

Developed technologies



Stainless steel foil

Flexible OLED on stainless steel foil Electrode (reflective anode) is fabricated on stainless steel foil by roll-to-roll (R2R) photolithography-free processes



NIPPON STEEL & SUMITOMO METAL CORPORATION GROUP

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023]
- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2021]
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]

Publication

- Y. Hagiwara, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, S. Yamaguchi, N. Yamada, J. Nakatsuka, M. Koden, H. Nakada, IDW'17, FLXp1-9L(2017). "Roll-to-Roll Patterning of Reflective Electrode on Planarized Stainless Steel Foil"
- M. Koden, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, H. Kobayashi, H. Nakada, IDW/AD'16, FLX3-1 (2016). "Substrates and Non-ITO Electrodes for Flexible OLEDs"
- Y. Hagiwara, H. Itoh, T. Furukawa, H. Kobayashi, S. Yamaguchi, N. Yamada, J. Nakatsuka, M. Koden, H. Nakada, IDW/AD'16, FLXp1-5 (2016).

11

"Roll-to-Roll Processing of Silver/ITO Continuous Deposition on Planarized Stainless Steel Foil"

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



Developed technologies

Barrier Films for Flexible OLEDs

We develop fabrication technologies of gas barrier layer on PEN film (TEIJIN), using roll-to-roll (R2R) PE-CVD.

Technological features

- Roll-to-roll (R2R) PE-CVD deposition of gas barrier layer on PEN film
- High barrier ability with WVTR of the order of 10⁻⁶g/m²/day
- High gas barrier films with transparent electrode

Developed technologies

Roll-to-roll (R2R) fabrication of barrier layer and transparent electrode on PEN film



Collaboration **TEIJIN LIMITED, Tosoh Corporation, FEBACS CO., LTD.**

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Organic Electronics Practical Key Technology Consortium (YU-FOC) [Apr. 2016~Mar. 2019]
- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2021]
- JST: Program on Open Innovation Platform with Enterprises, Research Institute and Academia (OPERA) [FY2016~FY2020]
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]

Publication

- K. Taira, Taiga Suzuki, W. Konno, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, *IDW'18*, FLX2-4L (2019). "Development of High Gas Barrier Film Using Novel Precursor by Roll to Roll PECVD"
- T. Suzuki, W. Konno, K. Taira, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, *IDW'18*, FLXp1-10L (2019). "High Gas Barrier Films with Heterogeneous Multilayer"
- K. Taira, T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, IDW'17, FLXp1-8L (2018). "High gas barrier film for OLED"



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

High Temperature Tolerant Barrier Films for Flexible OLEDs

OLED fabrication often requires high temperature processes (higher than 200°C). From this point of view, we develop high temperature tolerant barrier films for flexible OLEDs, using EXPEEK film developed by KURABO.

Technological features

Developed technologies

- Advantages of high temperature tolerant film EXPEEK (KURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.)
 - Biaxially stretched PEEK (polyetheretherketone) film
 - •Similar temperature tolerance to polyimide (PI) (Tg:320°C)



- Excellent solvent tolerance
- Excellent transparency
- Low thermal shrinkage

EXPEEK (KURABO INDUSTRIES)

- Application of EXPEEK with gas barrier layer to flexible OLED devices
 - •No requirement of reduction in process temperature (Ordinal fabrication processes for OLEDs can be used.)

Developed technologies

Flexible OLED devices on high temperature tolerant film EXPEEK with gas barrier layer
 Barrier evaluation of high temperature tolerant film EXPEEK with gas barrier layer
 Flexible OLED device prototypes on high temperature tolerant film EXPEEK with gas barrier layer





EXPEEK film (25µm)

Example of flexible OLED device

Prototypes of flexible OLED devices

Collaboration K

KURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023]
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]

Publication

• KURABO; "7th Fine Plastic Exhibition" (Dec. 2018), "SEMICON Japan 2018" (Dec. 2018).

EXPEEK[®] is a registered trademark of KURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Developed
technologiesFabrication Technologies ofInorganic Barrier Layers for OLEDs

OLED devices require high gas barrier technologies. We develop fabrication technologies of inorganic gas barrier layers by using LIA(Low Inductance Antenna)-CVD developed by SCREEN Finetech Solutions.

Technological features

- Inorganic gas barrier layer produced by LIA-CVD developed by SCREEN Finetech Solutions
 Advantages of LIA-CVD>
 - High deposition rate: SiNx faster than 3.0nm/sec
 - Excellent thickness uniformity within ±3%





 Yamagata University Flexible Organic Electronics Practical Key Technology Consortium (YU-FOC) [Apr. 2016~Mar. 2019]



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Developed technologies Non-ITO Transparent Electrode with Implanted Al-mesh Structure

ITO (Indium Tin Oxide), which is the most common transparent electrode in LCDs and OLEDs, has issues in cost, productivity, etc. We develop OLED devices using a non-ITO transparent electrode with novel implanted Al-mesh structure fabricated by Toyo Aluminium.

Technological features

- Non-ITO transparent electrode with novel implanted Al-mesh structure fabricated by Toyo Aluminium K.K.
 - High conductivity led by Al-mesh
 Smeeth surface due to the implanted



Al-mesh electrode into resin	
Applicable to OLED, OPV, etc.	
Applicable to flexible devices	

	Surface resistance
ITO (on glass)	~ 10Ω/□
ITO (on film)	~ 40Ω/□
Al-mesh developed by Toyo Aluminium	0.05~1Ω/□



Developed technologies

Al-mesh substrate

OLED devices using non-ITO transparent electrode with implanted Al-mesh electrode substrate fabricated by Toyo Aluminium K.K.







Emission of OLED devices

Device structure of OLED

Collaboration Toyo Aluminium K.K., Prof. Takeshi Sano (INOEL, Yamagata University)

15

Related program

 JST: Program on Open Innovation Platform with Enterprises, Research Institute and Academia (OPERA) [FY2018~FY2022]

Publication

• Toyo Aluminium; "48th INTERNEPCON Japan" (Jan. 2018).



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Roll-to-roll (R2R) Fabrication of Flexible Substrates with Electrode

We develop roll-to-roll (R2R) fabrication technologies of flexible substrates with electrode, aiming at large size OLED lighting.

*Collaboration with German companies and institutes in Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC)

Technological features

Roll-to-roll (R2R) fabrication of electrodes on flexible substrates by photolithography-free processes. (low cost, high productivity)



R2R sputtering of TCO layer

R2R screen printing of etching paste

R2R wet cleaning for TCO patterning

Flexible substrate

(TCO: Transparent Conducting Oxide)

R2R screen printing of Ag electrode

R2R screen printing of insulator

Key technologies



Developed technologies



Ultra-thin glass Stainless steel foil (Nippon Electric Glass) (NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material Co., Ltd.)

Plastic film (TEUJIN)



Printing roller



Screen mask (Tokyo Process Service)



Conducting ink (FUJIKURA KASEI)





Cutting (Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial)

Flexible OLED device (Yamagata University) Barrier resin: tesa

No distortion of stencil mask

Our machine

Good accuracy of print dimensions and printing quality

30µm Line

Stable (Even) peel off

Conventional machine

(gap=1.5mm)



Nippon Electric Glass, NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material, TEIJIN, SERIA ENGINEERING, Tokyo Process Service, FUJIKURA KASEI, Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Organic Electronics Practical Key Technology Consortium (YU-FOC) [Apr. 2016~Mar. 2019]
- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2021]
- JST: Program on Open Innovation Platform with Enterprises, Research Institute and Academia (OPERA) [FY2016~FY2020]
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]
- MEXT: Regional Innovation Eco-system Program [FY2018~FY2022]

Publication

- Nippon Electric Glass; "LED JAPAN 2018" (Oct. 2018), "FINETECH JAPAN 2018" (Dec. 2018).
- Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial; "FINETECH JAPAN 2018" (Dec. 2018).
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, T. Noda, Y. Hasegawa, D. Kobayashi, M. Koden, *IDW'17*, FLX6-2 (2017). "Novel Roll-to-Roll Fabrication Processes of Transparent Electrodes on Ultra-Thin Glass"

16

T. Furukawa, M. Koden, *IEICE Trans. Electron*, E100-C, 949-954 (2017).
 "Novel roll-to-roll deposition and patterning of ITO on ultra-thin glass for flexible OLEDs"



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



We develop TFE (Thin Film Encapsulation) technologies for OLED devices, using organic resins developed by TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS.

Technological features

Developed technologies

- To apply "Non-solvent UV-IJ resin ink" developed by TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS < Advantages of "Non-solvent UV-IJ resin ink" developed by TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS" >
 - To support SiNx barrier layer
 UV cure type (non-solvent)
- Inorganic barrier layer (SiN) Organic resin (Toyo Ink) Inorganic barrier layer (SiN) Cathode Barrier layer Barrier layer



Developed technologies



- TFE structure with high gas barrier property
 - "Non-solvent UV-IJ resin ink" developed by TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS is sandwiched by SiN barrier layers
 - High gas barrier property :
 - * No actual damage after storage test of 1,000 hours under 40°C/90%RH
 - * WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate): order of 10⁻⁶g/m²/day (40°C/90%RH)



200 400 600 800 1000 1200 Storage time (hour)

Collaboration TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Organic Electronics Practical Key Technology Consortium (YU-FOC) [Apr. 2016~Mar. 2019]
- NEDO: Strategic technological innovation program for energy saving "Development of high efficient OLED materials" (Collaboration with CEREBA) [Aug. 2017~Mar. 2019].

Publication

• TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS CO., LTD.; News Release (13 Feb. 2018). http://schd.toyoinkgroup.com/ja/release/2018/18021301.html



Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Laminating Encapsulation for OLEDs

We develop flexible OLED devices, using laminating encapsulating film AFTINNOVATM EF developed by Ajinomoto Co., Inc. / Ajinomoto Fine-Techno Co., Inc.

Technological features

Developed technologies

■ AFTINNOVATM EF substrate protecting water penetration from side of OLED device

- Simple device architecture and simple fabrication process
- Reduction of defect occurrence by stress release effect of AFTINNOVATM EF

Developed technologies

Flexible substrate



AFTINNOVATM EF (Ajinomoto) Barrier resin AFTINNOVATM EF film (Encapsulating substrate)

Cathode Organic layers (plural layers) Transparent electrode Flexible substrate

OLED device



High gas barrier property:

* No actual damage after storage test of 8,000 hours under 60°C/90%RH

* WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate): order of 10⁻⁶g/m²/day (60°C/90%RH)

Flexible OLED devices







Flexible OLED device with AFTINNOVATM EF

Collaboration

Ajinomoto Co., Inc. / Ajinomoto Fine-Techno Co., Inc.

Related program

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023]
- NEDO: Strategic technological innovation program for energy saving "Development of high efficient OLED materials" (Collaboration with CEREBA) [Aug. 2017~Mar. 2019].

18

• MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

Topics / Publications

Award

➢ H. Nakada, M. Koden, "Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan, (2017).

Book

≻ M. Koden, "OLED Displays and Lighting" (Wiley, IEEE Press) (2017).

Paper

T. Furukawa, M. Koden, *IEICE Trans. Electron*, E100-C, 949-954 (2017).
"Novel roll-to-roll deposition and patterning of ITO on ultra-thin glass for flexible OLEDs"

International Conference





山形大学 Yamagata University

- K. Taira, Taiga Suzuki, W. Konno, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, *IDW'18*, FLX2-4L (2018). "Development of High Gas Barrier Film Using Novel Precursor by Roll to Roll PECVD"
- T. Suzuki, W. Konno, K. Taira, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, *IDW'18*, FLXp1-10L (2018). "High Gas Barrier Films with Heterogeneous Multilayer"
- T. Furukawa, Advanced Materials-2018 (WCAM2018) (2018). [Invited] "Substrates for Organic Electronics - Ultra-thin Glass, Stainless Steel Foil and High Gas Barrier Plastic Film"
- M. Koden, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, H. Nakada, LS16 (2018). [Invited] "Roll-to-roll and printing technologies for electrodes of flexible OLED lighting"
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, T. Noda, Y. Hasegawa, D. Kobayashi, M. Koden, *IDW'17*, FLX6-2 (2017). "Novel Roll-to-Roll Fabrication Processes of Transparent Electrodes on Ultra-Thin Glass"
- K. Taira, T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, *IDW'17*, FLXp1-8L (2017). "High gas barrier film for OLED"
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, H. Itoh, H. Kuroiwa, K. Nagai, LOPEC (2017).
 "Gas barrier film for OLED devices"
- M. Koden, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, H. Kobayashi, H. Nakada, *IDW/AD'16*, FLX3-1 (2016). [Invited] "Substrates and Non-ITO Electrodes for Flexible OLEDs"
- T. Furukawa, IWFPE2016 (2016). [Invited]
 "Flexible Substrates and Printed Transparent Electrode for OLED Lighting"

Exhibitions

"JFlex2019" (Jan. 2019).
"LOPEC" (March 2018, Germany).
"Printable Electronics 2018" (Feb. 2018).
"LED & OLED EXPO 2017" (June 2017, Korea)
"Printable electronics 2017" (Feb. 2017).
"G7 Exhibition" (May. 2016).
"Printable electronics 2016" (Jan. 2016).



"International Photonics Exhibition 2015" (Korea) (Oct. 2015).

"National Museum of Nature and Science (Japan)" (May 2015).

"Printable electronics 2015" (Jan. 2015).

Printable Electronics 2017 Award "Originality Award" to INOEL



19

"Printable electronics 2016" (Jan. 2016) "Printable electronics 2017" (Feb. 2017) "Printable electronics 2018" (Feb. 2018)

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



Members



Professor, Deputy Director Hitoshi Nakada nakada@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp

Field: Organic electronics devices

1981	Graduated at Tohoku University
1981~2013	Pioneer Corporation
1988~	R&D of OLED display and OLED lighting
2013~	INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

(Award)

- •Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017).
- Optoelectronics Industry and Technology Development Association,



Professor Dr. Mitsuhiro Koden koden@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp http://www.asahi-net.or.jp/~ar3t-kudn/technology.html

Field: LCD, Display, OLED, Chemistry

Graduated at Osaka University (PhD) 1983 **1983~2012** Sharp Corporation (Liquid crystal materials, LCD, OLED display, etc.) **Guest prof. of Nara Institute of Science and Technology** 1998~2011 2012~ **INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)**

(Award)

- •Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017).

19th Kenjiro-Sakurai Memorial Award (2003).

•47th Okochi Memorial Award (2000).

(Development)

- World's first OLED product (passive-matrix OLED display) (1997).
- World's first phosphorescent OLED product (2003).
- Passive-matrix full-color flexible OLED display prototype (2003).

• Award from The Japanese Liquid Crystal Society (2005). (Development)

•17" Ferroelectric liquid crystal display (FLCD) prototype (1999). •3.6" Polymer OLED display with world's highest resolution (2006). (Book)

•M. Koden, "OLED Displays and Lighting" (Wiley; IEEE Press) (2017).

•K. Takatoh, M. Hasegawa, M. Koden, N. Itoh, R. Hasegawa, M. Sakamoto, "Alignment Technologies and Applications of Liquid Crystal Devices" Taylor & Francis (2005).



Associate Professor Tadahiro Furukawa ta-furukawa@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp

Field: Fine patterning technology, Printing, **Roll-to-roll technology**

1984	Graduated at Saitama University (Master degree)
1984 ~ 2011	Kyoto Printing Co., Ltd.
	R&D and production of Color filter (CF)
	R&D of flexible CF and LCD
2011~	INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

(International conference)

•T. Furukawa, WCAM2018 (2018). [China, Invited] •T. Furukawa, et al., *IDW'17*, FLX6-2 (2017). •T. Furukawa, *LED & OLED EXPO 2017* (2017). [Korea] •T. Furukawa, et al., *LOPEC* (2017). [Germany] •T. Furukawa, et al., *IDW/AD'16*, FLX3-3 (2016). •T. Furukawa, *IWFPE2016* (2016). [Korea, Invited] •T. Furukawa, et al., ICFPE 2016, O15-6 (2016).



Associate Professor Dr. Toshinao Yuki t-yuki@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp

Field: OLED (Display, Lighting, Device),

1993~1996 Teijin Limited 1996~1999 Graduated at Yamagata University (PhD). 1999~2015 Tohoku Pioneer Corporation (PMOLED, AMOLED, Tiling OLED, OLED lighting, etc.) 2015~ **INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)**

(Award)

• The 4th Japan OLED Forum Outstanding Achievement Awards (2011). (Development)

• World's first phosphorescent OLED product (2003).

- •World's first large size tiling OLED display product (2010).
- •World's first color-tunable OLED lighting product (2013).

January 2019 (revised in Feb. 2019) Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden Group) Innovation Center for Organic Electronics (INOEL) Yamagata University 1-808-48 Arcadia, Yonezawa, Yamagata 992-0119, Japan TEL +81-238-29-0575 E-mail: nakada@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp E-mail: koden@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp URL: http://inoel.yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp/F-consortium/home.html