**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 

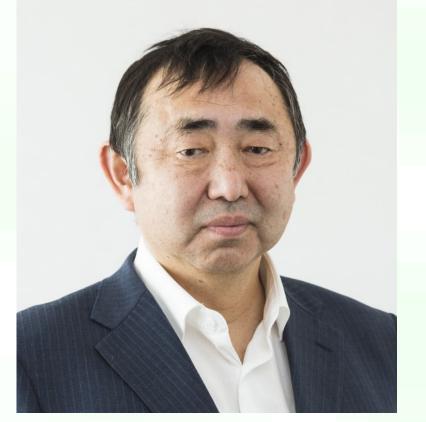


# Academia-Industry Cooperation "Needs First"

# Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)

# 2022









Professor Hitoshi Nakada

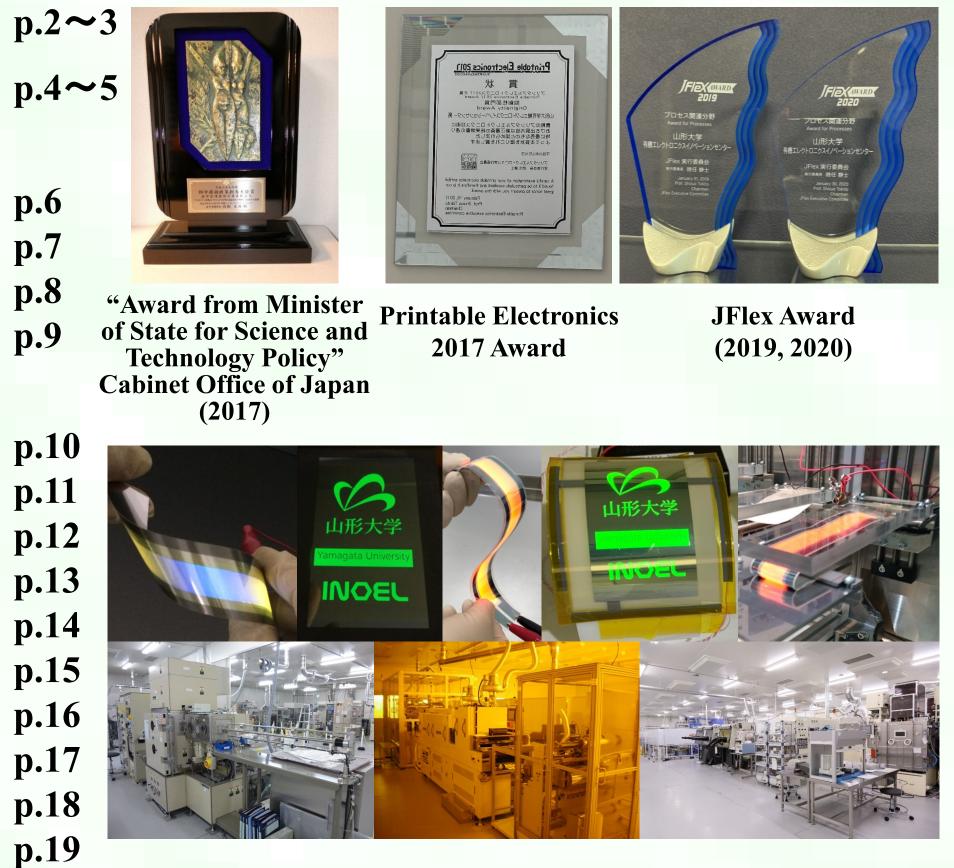
Associate Professor Tadahiro Furukawa



Associate Professor Dr. Toshinao Yuki



Professor Dr. Mitsuhiro Koden



### **Mission and Activity**

Consortium (YU-FIC, YU-FLEC)

#### **Background technologies**

- •OLED & OPV device fabrication
- Evaluation of OLED & OPV
- •R2R (Roll-to-roll) and printing technologies
- Evaluation of gas barrier / International standardization

### **Developed technologies**

- •Flexible OLEDs on ultra-thin glass
- •Improved mechanical strength of flexible OLEDs on ultra-thin glass
- •Flexible OLEDs on stainless steel foil or barrier film
- •R2R fabrication of barrier film with transparent electrode
- In-mold electronics (IME) technology
- •Mechanism analysis of electrode disconnection in 3D thermoforming p.
- Application of organic electronics to interactive advertisement

Non-ITO transparent electrode with implanted metal-mesh structure p.17
TFE (Thin Film Encapsulation) technologies for OLEDs p.18
OnDemand patterning of OLEDs by ink-jet printed insulators p.19
Barrier layer by ALD (Atomic layer deposition) p.20
High temperature tolerant barrier films for flexible OLEDs p.21
Printed flexible OPV fabricated by R2R processes p.22
PSA encapsulating technologies for OLEDs p.23
Spray coating p.24
Optical simulation p.25
Analysis of defects, failures, structures, etc. p.26

Main members



**p.28** 

# Homepage: https://inoel.yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp/F-consortium/home-e.html

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



Activity

# Academia-Industry Collaboration "Needs First!"

In flexible organic electronics technologies, we offer academia-industry collaboration with "Needs First", in which needs and requests from collaborating companies are first priority.

We contribute R&Ds of collaborating companies, aiming at practical technologies and actual businesses.

Our activity with "Needs First" was awarded from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy, Government of Japan in 2017.

(Main technologies)

Devices and processes of organic electronics (OLED, OPV, OTFT, etc.)

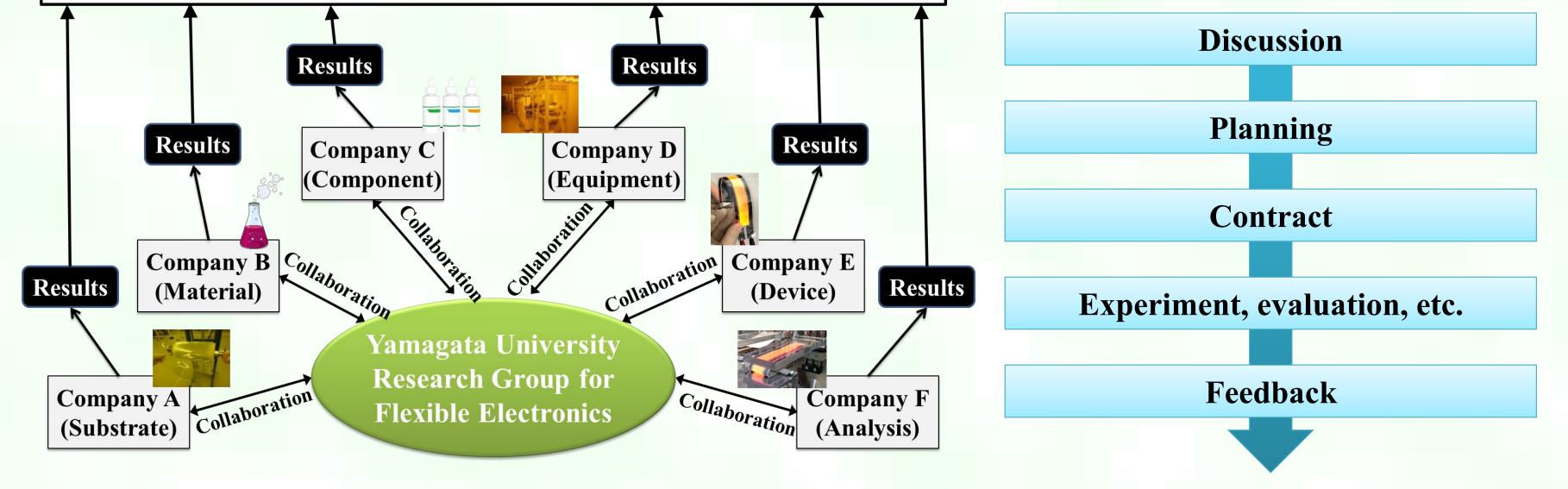
- Materials and components for flexible organic electronics
- Barrier technologies / Barrier evaluation and analysis / Flexible encapsulation
   Brinting and roll to roll (B2B) technologies for flexible organic electronics
- Printing and roll-to-roll (R2R) technologies for flexible organic electronics

**Companies of devices, products, etc.** 



"Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy" Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017)

**Collaboration scheme** 



# **Unique points**

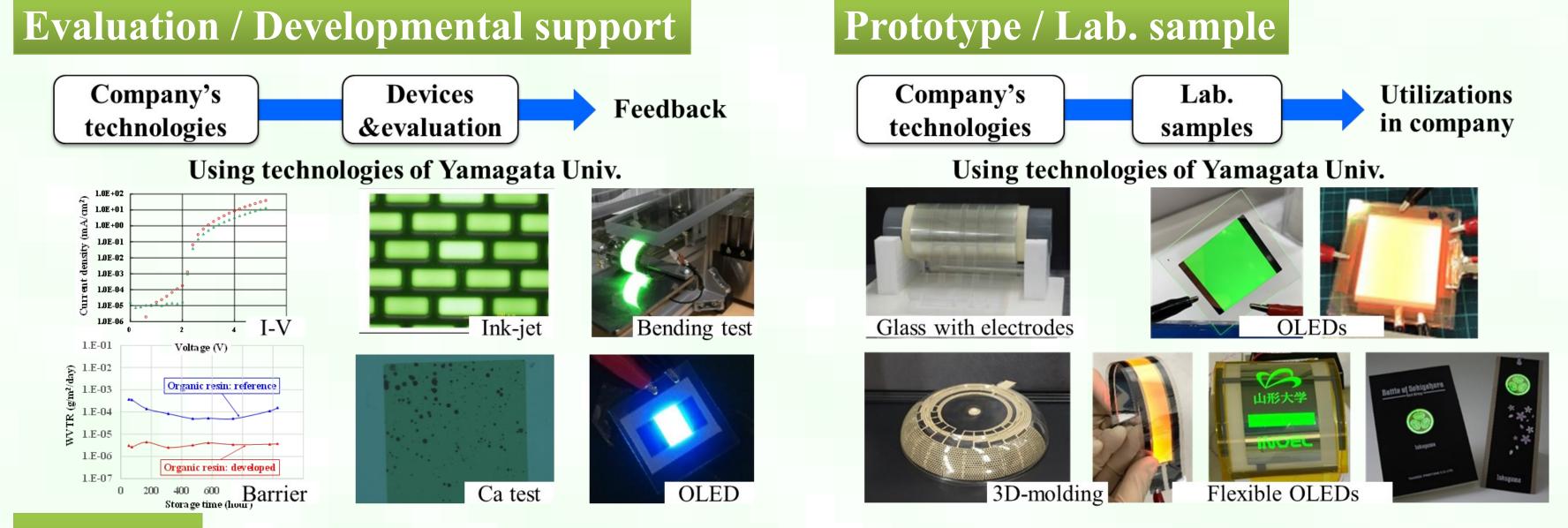
- <u>"Needs First" (Business First)</u> Company's needs are first priority.
- Merits in IPs
- <u>Self-supporting accounting system</u> An unique model based on collaboration with industry

#### Collaborations

- Device fabrication with collaborating company's technologies and feedback of all results to the company
- Data for proofing potential of the technologies of collaborating company.
- Prototype samples
- Coordination of plural companies
- Individual collaboration / Consortium / International collaboration

### **Skills of members**

- Substantial experience in the practical development at previous companies.
- Rich knowledge on organic electronics (OLEDs etc.), displays, flexible, R2R, printing, etc.
- Rich information about trends of technologies and businesses.
- •Rich human network in academic society and industrial fields.



### Activities

- Academia-Industry Cooperation Consortium (p.3~p.5)
- National Project (p.3)
- Individual Collaboration
- Evaluation support (p.8): WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) evaluation with MORESCO

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 





# **Consortium / National Projects**

Based on the concept of "Needs First", we promote academia-industry collaboration consortiums and participate various national projects.

# **Academia-Industry Collaboration Consortium**

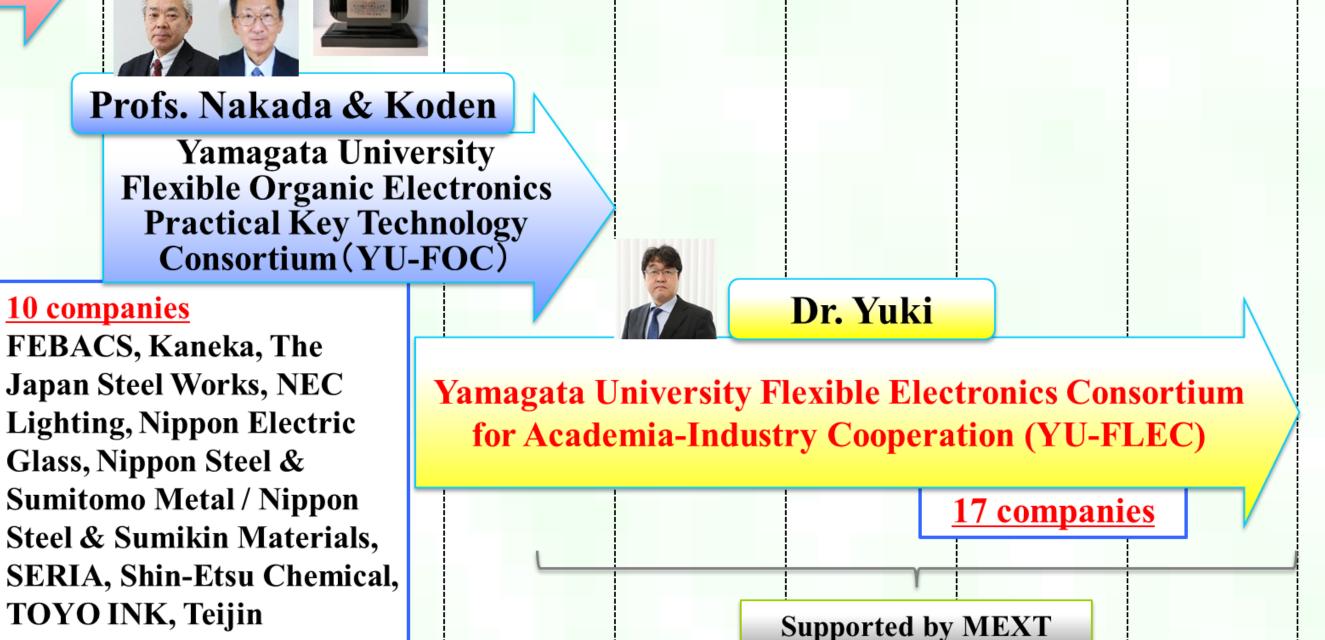


#### **21 companies**

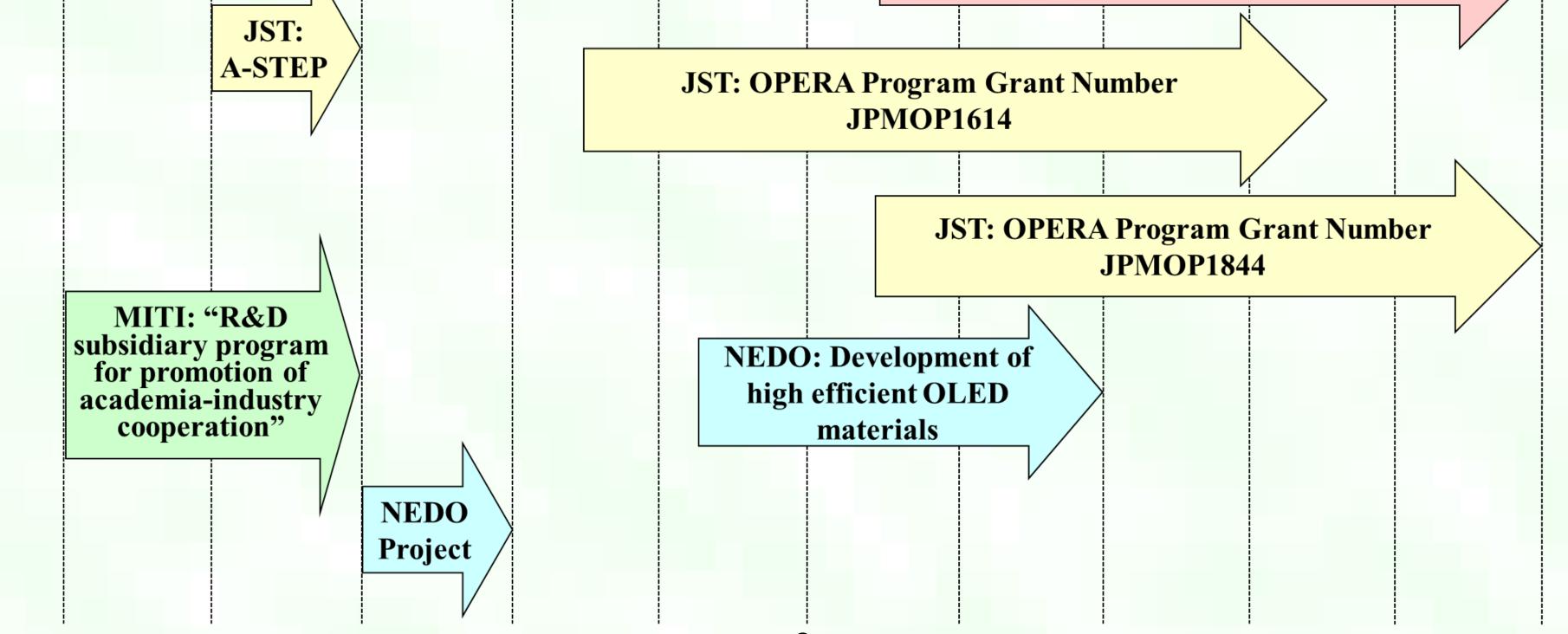
Dexerials, DIC, DNP, FEBACS, JNC, Kaneka, KOBELCO, Koito Manufacturing, Komori Machinery, Merck Performance Materials Manufacturing, Mitsubishi Materials, Mitsubishi Plastics, NEC Lighting, Nippon Electric Glass NIPPON STEEL & SUMITOMO METAL / NIPPON STEEL & SUMIKIN MATERIALS, Okura Industrial, SERIA, Shin-Etsu Chemical, Taiyo Kikai, Teijin, ZEON



# **National Projects**



	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	
1 2	IEXT: Regi Strategy Suj					Innovati system F	Regional ion Eco- Program IEXT: Cons Innov	struction Pr vation Orga	0	pen	~



**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



#### Consortium

Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany **International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC)** 

Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative **Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC)** collaborates with companies and institutes in Germany, aiming at novel flexible electronics products.

**Project term** 

**October 2017** ~ March 2023

Participants

9 Companies (Jan. 2022)

#### Subjects

- Innovative roll-to-roll fabrication of OLED lighting on flexible substrates
- > Application of organic electronics technologies to interactive advertisement
- Fabrication technologies for three dimensional

#### Leaders

- Project leader: Associate Prof. T. Furukawa
- **Fellow: Prof. T. Takahashi**
- Secretary: Prof. M. Koden





print circuit boat (3DPCB)

### **Collaboration with German activity**

YU-FIC collaborates with 24 German companies and institutes which are organized by Organic **Electronics Saxony (OES), having twice visits a every year, respectively.** 

#### Activity

- ✓ Mutual visits between Germany and Japan.
- ✓ Frequent remote meeting between Germany and Japan.
- ✓ Demonstrations of collaborated results at conferences and exhibitions.



LOPEC/Germany (Mar. 2019)



Flex Japan 2019 (May 2019)



Germany (Sep. 2019)



**Japan (Jan. 2020)** 

**JFlex (Jan. 2020)** 



The 9th Germany-Japan Joint Workshop (Online) "Flexible, Printed Electronics and Sensors", 26 February (2021).

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• MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022]. **Related program** • JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2021]. • Home page: https://inoel.yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp/yu-fic-en/ Web page • You Tube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zu9DZH4Nq6c

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 

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### Consortium

# Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC)

Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) is constructed by one-by-one collaborations with individual companies, promoting practical development based on the concept of "Needs First". We would appreciate it if you are interested in YU-FLEC.

### **Mission and Subjects**

#### **Practical R&D in flexible electronics**

- Flexible substrates
- Gas barrier and flexible encapsulation
- process technologies for flexible devices
- Novel electrodes (Non-ITO electrode)
- •Next-generation materials and devices

#### **Project term**

January 2018 ~ March 2023

### **Participants (total)**

17 Companies (January 2022)

### Unique points

#### • Equipment

#### Leaders



- Project leader: Dr. T. Yuki (Associate Prof.)
- Fellow: Prof. H. Nakada
- Secretary: Prof. M. Koden

# Activities

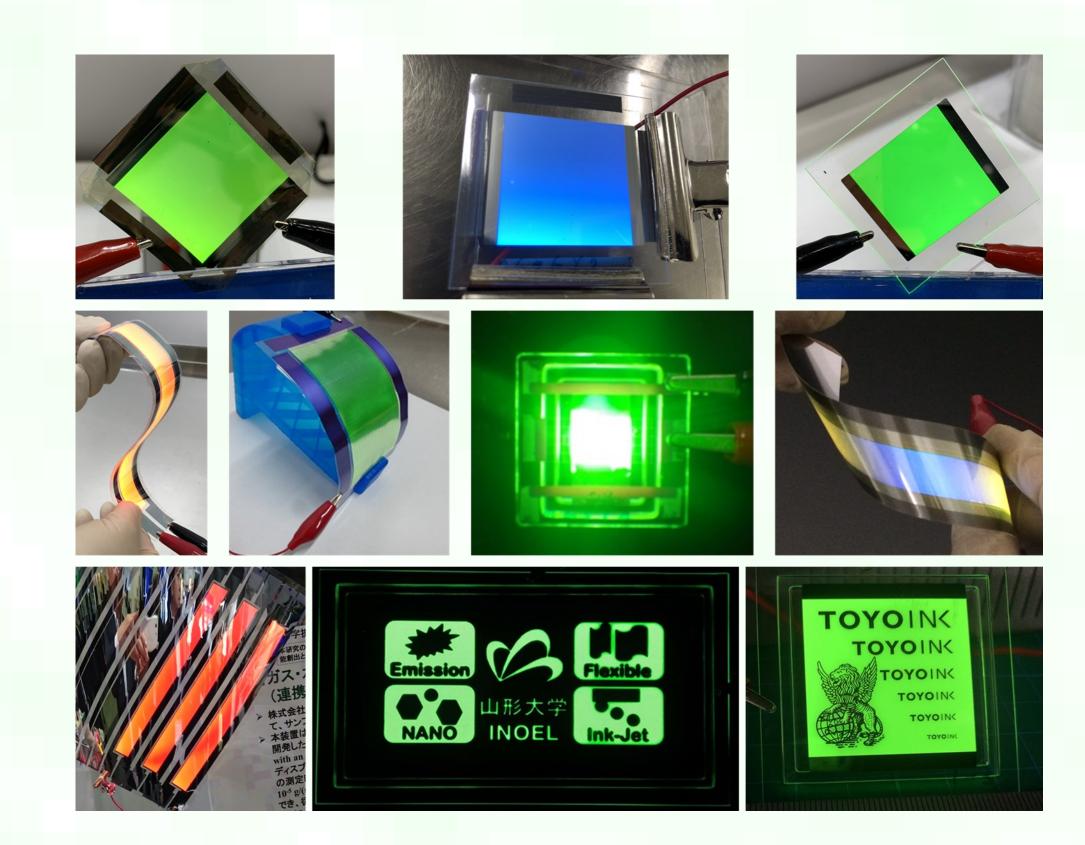
- Application of flexible substrates to OLEDs
   Stainless steel foil
  - Barrier film
- Gas barrier technologies
  Evaluation of gas barrier prior prior
  - Evaluation of gas barrier properties
  - Fabrication technologies of gas barrier layers
- Flexible encapsulation
  - •TFE (Thin Film Encapsulation)
  - PSA encapsulating technology
  - Laminating encapsulation
- Non-ITO transparent electrode
   Metal mesh electrode
- OLED devices and processes
   OnDemand patterning of OLED
- Novel materials for emission devices
  - Evaporation materials
  - Solution materials

**Related program** 

- Academia-industry collaboration led by scientists having rich experience in actual businesses
- Large size equipment for various prototypes
- Creation of business competitiveness

## **Main applications**

- Small flexible OLED displays (mobile, etc.)
- Large size OLED displays (TV, etc.)
- Flexible OLED lighting



- Novel emission devices
   QLED
   Novel TFT technologies
- Novel components for organic electronics
- Equipment for organic electronics
   Evaporation equipment
   Deposition of barrier layers
   Ink-jet
  - MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

Seminar	<ul> <li>Monthly report for YU-FLEC members by Prof. H. Nakada "Trend of organic electronics"</li> <li>Bimonthly report for YU-FLEC members by Prof. M. Koden "Trend of organic electronics - OPV"</li> <li>1st YU-FLEC seminar (Aug. 2019 Tokyo).</li> </ul>				
Web page	•Home page: https://inoel.yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp/yu-flec-en/				

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



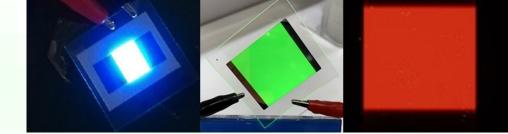
#### **Background** technologies

# **OLED & OPV Device Fabrications**

Various types of OLED & OPV devices are able to be fabricated. The fabricated OLED & OPV devices are utilized for technological evaluations, prototype samples, etc.

# **OLED (Organic Light Emitting Diode)**

- Materials
- Small molecular and polymer materials
- Fluorescent, phosphorescent and TADF
- Quantum dot (QD) materials
- Devices
  - Bottom emitting & Top-emitting
  - Transparent OLED (Both side emitting)
  - Multi-photon



### **Processes for organic layers**

Dry process: Vacuum evaporation
Solution process: Spin-coat, Ink-jet, Spray, etc.



Vacuum evaporation



Ink-jet



Spin-coat

•White emitting

### **OPV (Organic Photovoltaic)**

- Materials
- Vacuum & CoatingQuantum dot (QD)
- Devices
  Normal structure
  Inverted structure

#### **Barrier layers**

Inorganic barrier layer: CVD, Sputtering, ALD
Inorganic/organic alternatingly stacked barrier layer

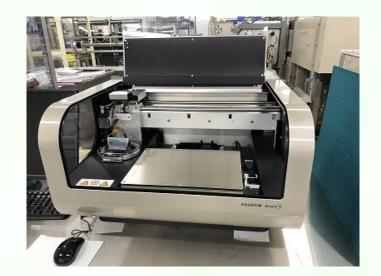


R2R sputtering & CVD





ALD (Atomic Layer Deposition)







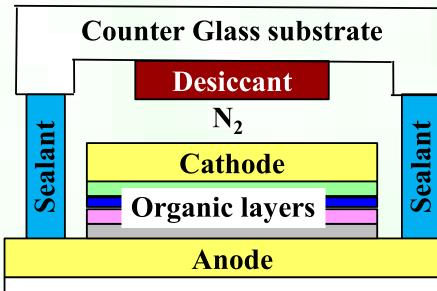
Wet cleaning



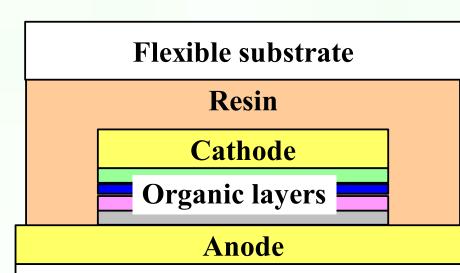
Plasma cleaner

### Encapsulations

Various encapsulating technologies are applied.
Common encapsulation with desiccant
Flexible all-solid type encapsulation

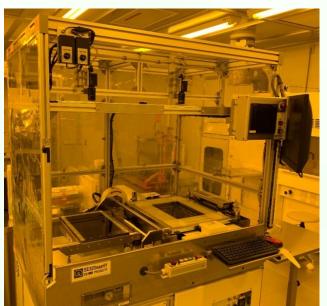








Sheet-type lamination



Sputtering

#### Ink-jet

Flexible substrate



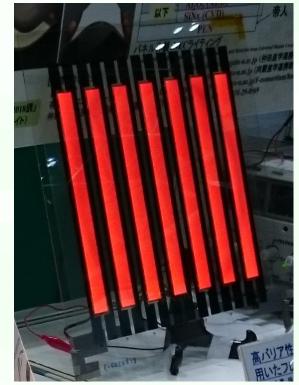
#### **Roll-type lamination**

## Large size OLEDs

#### Large size OLED devices can be fabricated. The maximum substrate size: 30cm × 30cm



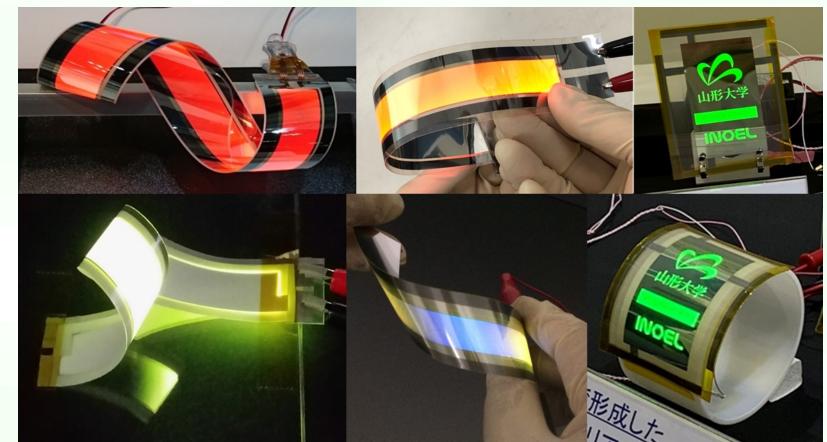
OLED vacuum evaporation equipment "ELVESS" (Tokki)



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#### Flexible OLEDs

Flexible OLED devices with various designs can be fabricated.



**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



#### **Background** technologies

# **Evaluation of OLED & OPV**

OLED and OPV devices with various technologies (materials, components, device architectures, processes, equipment, etc.) of collaborating companies are fabricated and evaluated from practical points of view. All evaluating results are feedbacked to the collaborating company for not only the next development but also demonstrations etc.

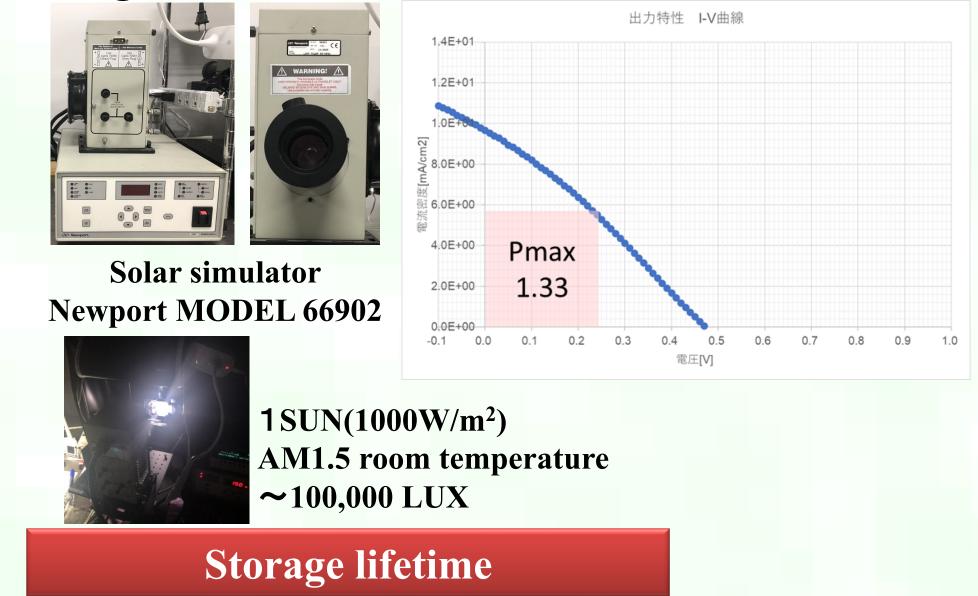
#### **Evaluations of OLEDS**

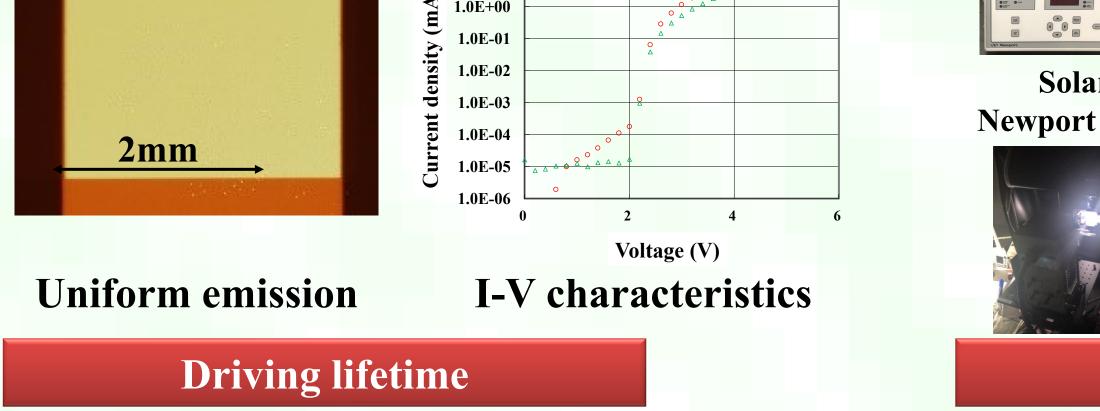
Various characteristics of OLEDs are evaluated.
Emission quality such as uniformity, defects, etc.
I-V, L-I characteristics
Emission spectrum, etc.

1.0E+02 1.0E+01

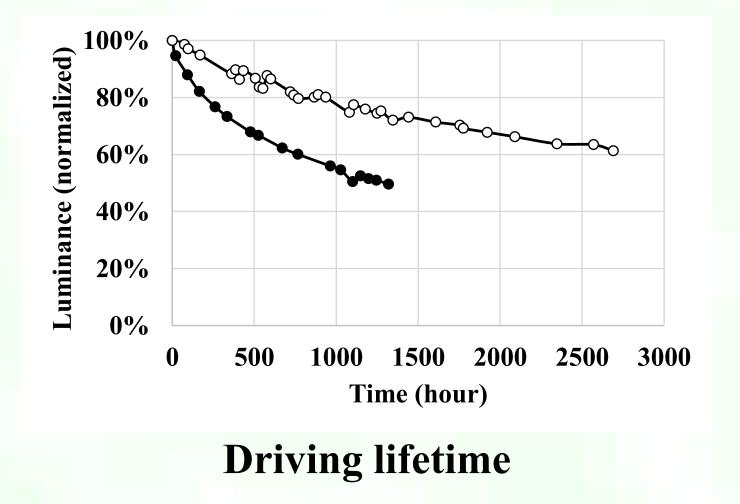
#### **Evaluaitons of OPVs**

Power generations of OPV devices are evaluated, using solar simulator.



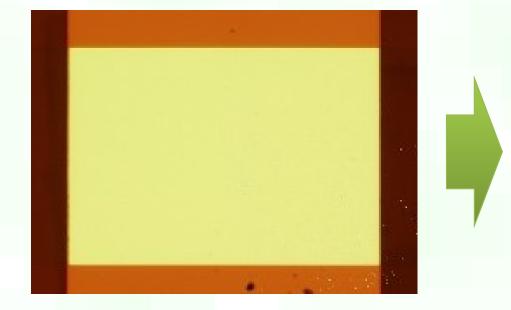


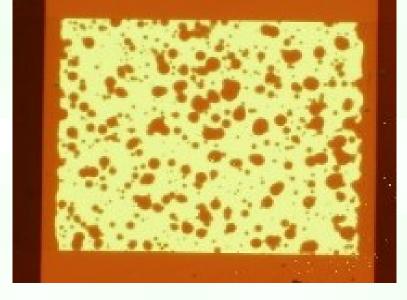
The reduction of emission intensity of OLED devices under constant current driving is evaluated.



#### **Bending tests**

The influences of various bending stress on device characteristics, barrier properties, etc. are evaluated using three types of bending equipment. The change of emission is observed after storage test with high temperature and high humidity.

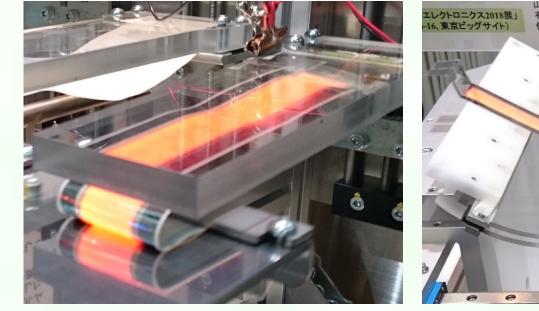




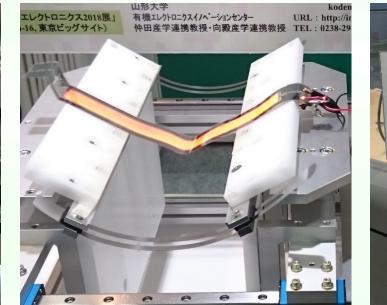
Initial emission (No defect) Emission after storage test (Dark spot)

#### Others

Other evaluations can be used, based on the







Folding



**Both-side** 

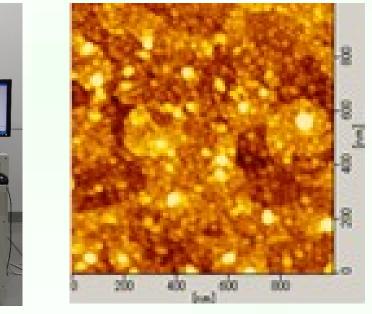
bending

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request from collaborating companies. (Example) • Ionization potential • Defect analysis

•SEM, AFM

# Defect analysis3D profile



AFM

Ionization potential



Hybrid confocal microscopy

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



Background technologies

# **Roll-to-roll (R2R) and Printing** Technologies

We provide roll-to-roll (R2R) and printing technologies, aiming at an innovation of productions in flexible organic electronics.

### **Roll-to-roll (R2R)**

Three types of unique roll-to-roll (R2R) equipment are utilized for fabrications of electrodes, barrier layers, organic layers, etc.

- Substrate width: 30cm
- Substrate: ultra-thin glass, stainless steel foil, flexible film







**R2R** sputtering &CVD (KOBELCO)

**R2R screen printing** and slit-coating (SERIA)

**R2R** wet cleaning (FEBACS)

### **Printing / Coating**

Various printing and coating equipment can be utilized for printing tests and device fabrications.



**Screen printing** 



**Flexography and** gravure offset printing



Ink-jet



Spray

**Spin-coating** 

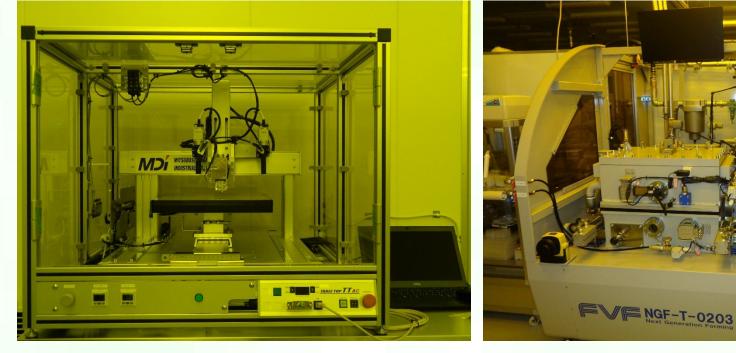
#### **Process technologies**

Various equipment for process technologies can be used.

#### **Evaluation**

Various evaluation equipment are used for **R&D** of printing and rollto-roll (R2R) technologies.

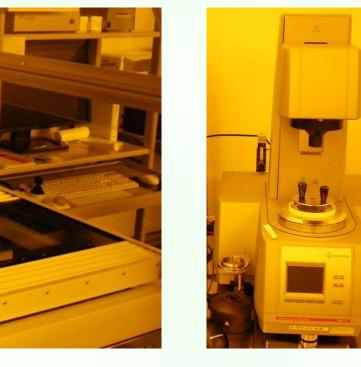




**Cutting machine** for ultra-thin glass

#### **3D thermoforming**

#### **Contact angle measurement**



**Precise position** detector

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microscopy

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



**Background** technologies

# **Evaluation of Gas Barrier / International Standardization**

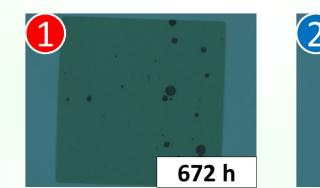
Evaluation of gas barrier properties is very important in flexible organic electronics technologies. We provide two evaluation methods which are "Calcium corrosion method" and "MA method (Modified differential pressure method with an Attached support)". In addition, we contribute to SEMI international standardizations of gas barrier films.

#### **Ca corrosion method**

✓ Ca corrosion method evaluates the optical change in Ca reflectivity which changes by the reaction of Ca and H<sub>2</sub>O, giving WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) valuers.

This method is useful for the evaluation of defects in barrier layer.

- $-Ca+2H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2+H_2$
- ✓ SEMI D78 Test Method of Water Vapor Barrier Property for Plastic Films with High

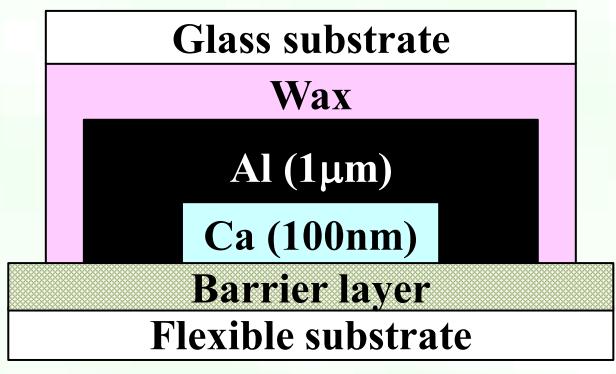




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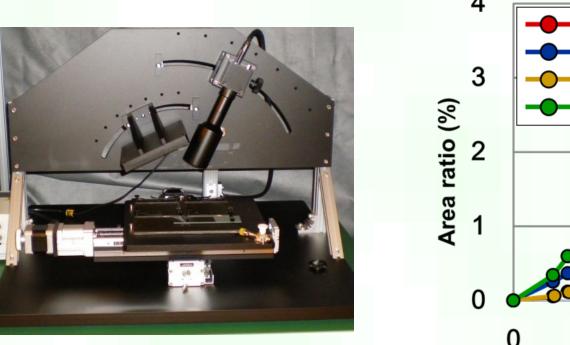


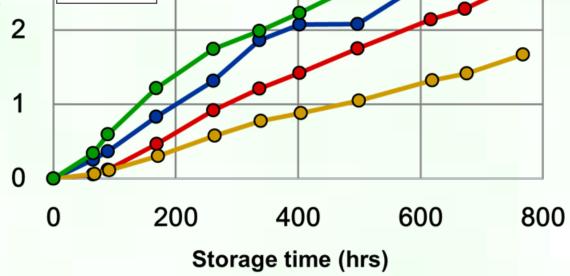
**Barrier for Electronic Devices** 



**Structure of Ca corrosion device** 

1.2×10<sup>-4</sup> g/m<sup>2</sup>/day 1.3×10<sup>-4</sup> g/m<sup>2</sup>/day 7.3×10<sup>-5</sup> g/m<sup>2</sup>/day 1.4×10<sup>-4</sup> g/m<sup>2</sup>/day Microscopic observation of Ca corrosion





#### **MA method**

# WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) evaluation (Collaborating with MORESCO)

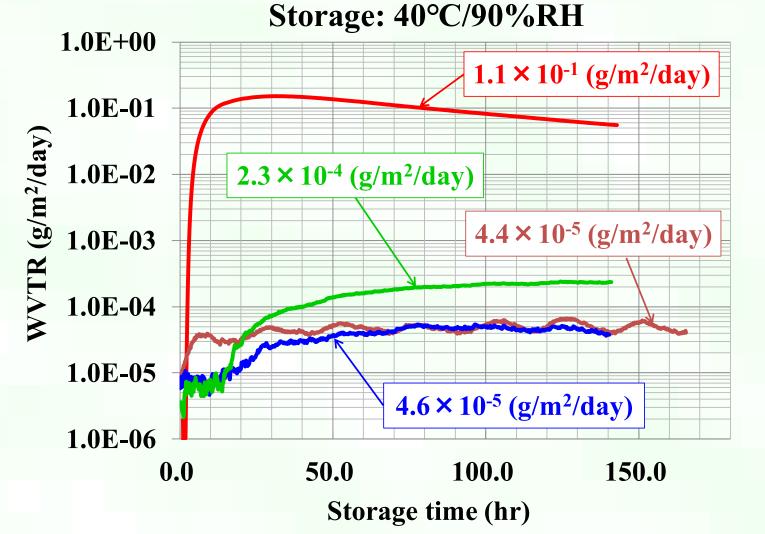
WVTR equipment

(MA method)

We provide WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) evaluation, using the WVTR measurement equipment "Super Detect" of MORESCO.

**Evaluation equipment** 

- The "Super Detect" utilizes the MA method (Modified differential pressure method with an Attached support) developed by the collaboration of MORESCO and AIST (National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology).
- SEMI D80 Test Method for Measurement of Water Vapor Transmission Rate for High Gas Barrier Plastic Film in a Short Time





### **Evaluation of film substrate**

**Related program** 

✓ **SEMI D74** - Guide for Measuring Dimensions of Plastic Films/Substrates

# Collaboration **TEIJIN LIMITED, MORESCO Corporation**

MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].
JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2021].

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



### Developed technology YU-FIC

# Flexible OLEDs on Ultra-thin Glass

We develop flexible OLED lighting devices on ultra-thin glass with electrodes fabricated by roll-to-roll (R2R) technologies.

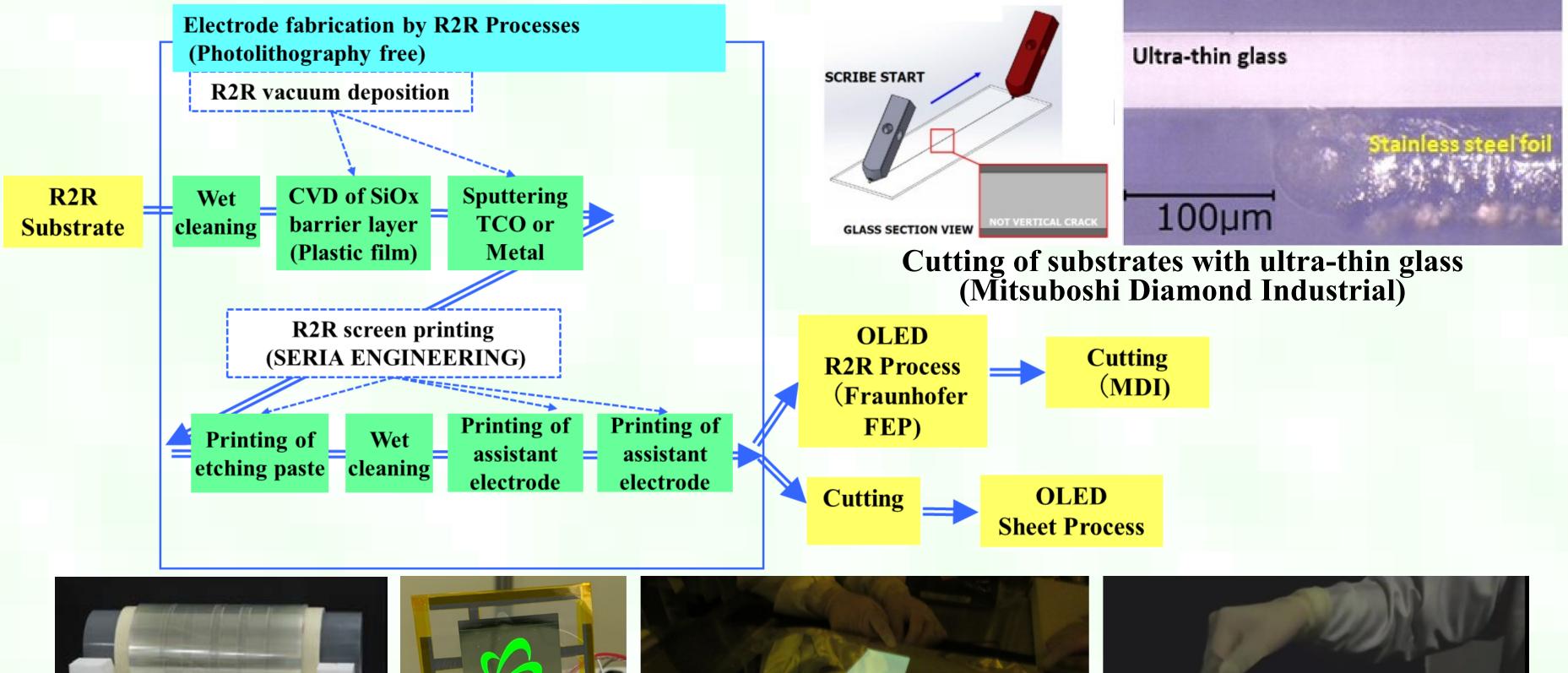
### **Technological features**

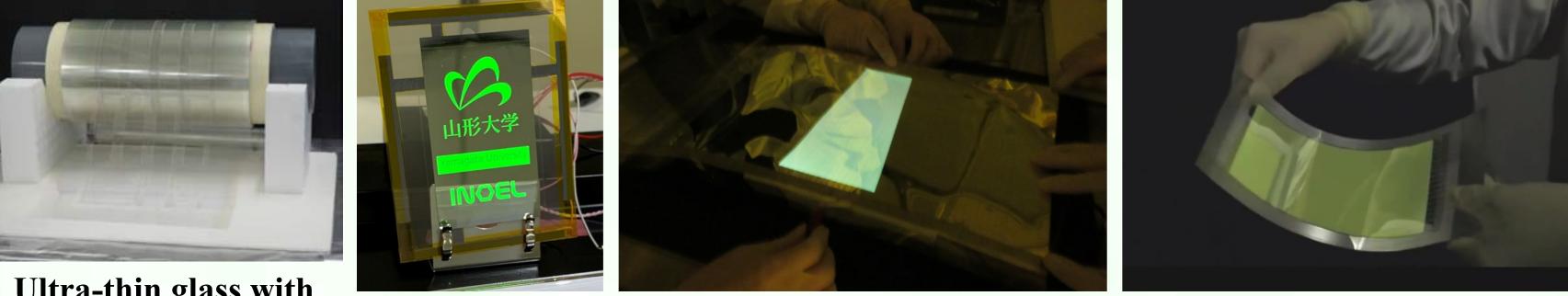
- Advantages of ultra-thing glass G-Leaf<sup>®</sup> of Nippon Electric Glass
  - Flexibility due to the thickness of 50µm; Applicability to Roll-to-roll (R2R) fabrication
  - Intrinsic advantages of glass
  - (High gas barrier, surface smoothness, temperature stability, chemical stability, size stability, etc.)

## **Developed technologies**

- **■** Flexible OLED devices on ultra-thin glass with the thickness of 50µm.
  - Roll-to-roll (R2R) photolithography-free fabrication of electrodes
  - Unique glass cutting technology giving no damage to OLED devices with ultra-thin glass

#### • Flexible laminating encapsulation matching with ultra-thin glass





Ultra-thin glass with patterned electrodes (Nippon Electric Glass)

Froundofor FFD Ninnon Flootric Class Co. Itd. SFDIA

Collaboration	Fraunnoier FEP, Nippon Electric Glass Co., Ltu., SERIA
	ENGINEERING, INC., FEBACS CO., LTD., Mitsuboshi Diamond
	Industrial Co., Ltd., NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material Co., Ltd.,
	FUJIKURA KASEI CO., LTD., Taica Corporation, tesa tape K.K.
Related program	<ul> <li>Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2023].</li> <li>JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2020].</li> <li>MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].</li> </ul>
Publication	<ul> <li>T. Furukawa, M. Koden, IEICE Trans. Electron, E100-C, 949 (2017). "Novel roll-to-roll deposition and patterning of ITO on ultra-thin glass for flexible OLEDs"</li> <li>T. Furukawa, J. Hauptmann, T. Nakagaki, R. Ikeuchi, M. Sagawa, D. Nagata, J. Nakatsuka, IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-1 (2021). "Roll-to-Roll Fabrication for OLED Lighting Using Ultra-Thin Glass Substrate and Encapsulating Stainless Steel Foil"</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>T. Nakagaki, T. Kawabata, H. Takimoto, T. Furukawa, IDW'19, FLXp1-9L (2019).</li> <li>"Scribing Tool and Cutting Method for Ultra-thin Glass"</li> <li>T. Furukawa, K. Mitsugi, S. Akiyama, H. Itoh, D. Kobayashi, T. Suzuki, H. kurojwa, M. Sakakibara, K. Tan</li> </ul>

T. Furukawa, K. Mitsugi, S, Akiyama, H, Itoh, D, Kobayashi, T. Suzuki, H, Kuroiwa, M, Sakakibara, K, Tanaka, M, Kawamura, M, Koden, IDW'14, FLX3-4 (2014). "Patterned ITO Film by Roll-to-Roll Process on Ultra-thin Glass"
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**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



Developed technology YU-FIC

# **Improved Mechanical Strength of Flexible OLEDs on Ultra-thin Glass**

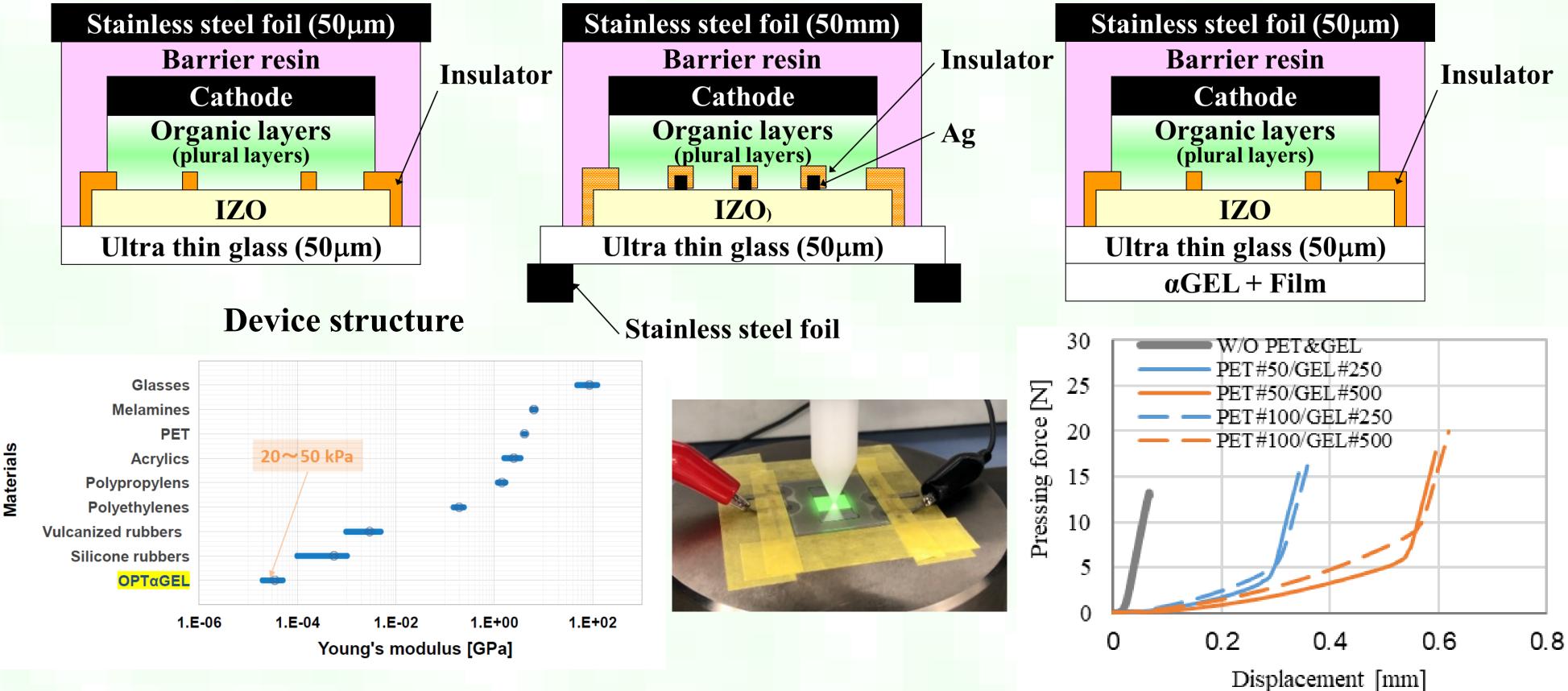
We develop technologies for improvement of mechanical strength of flexible OLED devices fabricated on ultra-thin glass.

#### **Technological features**

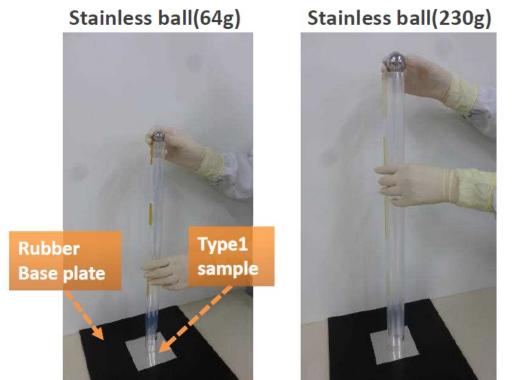
Improved mechanical strength of flexible OLED devices ultra-thin glass with the thickness of 50μm.

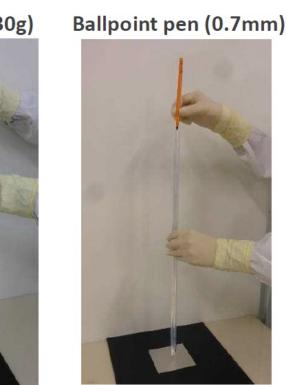
#### **Developed technologies**

- Improved mechanical strength by encapsulation with stainless steel foil.
- Reduced side edge crack under glass cutting.
- Improved impact stress by unique silicon gel.



#### Young's modulus of various materials





### Pressure stress test (aGEL)

Table Drop impact test result						
P	rotection layer	Height when glass cracked [cm]				
Cover film	OPTαGEL t250μm	Stainless	ball drop	Ballpoint pen		
/ Thickness [µm]	Needle penetration [1/10mm]	64 [g]	230 [g]	drop		
-	-	60~80	20~40	10		
<b>PET / 100</b>	-	90~100	60~80	20~50		
PC / 200	-	50~60	> 100	50~70		
<b>PET / 100</b>	<b>130</b> Soft	> 100	70	50~60		
PC / 200	130	> 100	90	50~70		
<mark>PC / 200</mark>	<mark>90</mark>	<mark>&gt; 100</mark>	<mark>&gt; 100</mark>	<mark>80</mark>		
PC / 200	50	> 100	100	50~60		
PC / 200	25 Hard	> 100	80~90	60		

#### Drop Impact test (aGEL)

CollaborationNippon Electric Glass Co., Ltd., Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial Co., Ltd.,<br/>NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material Co., Ltd., Taica Corporation,<br/>tesa tape K.K.

#### **Related program**

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2023].
- JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2020].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

#### **Publication**

• T. Furukawa, J. Hauptmann, T. Nakagaki, R. Ikeuchi, M. Sagawa, D. Nagata, J. Nakatsuka, IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-1 (2021). "Roll-to-Roll Fabrication for OLED Lighting Using Ultra-Thin Glass Substrate and Encapsulating Stainless Steel Foil"

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• M. Natsuka, Y. Ono, H. Mataki, S. Usui, H. Suzuki, M. Abe, T. Furukawa, IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-2 (2021). "Protection of OLED Lighting with Ultra-Thin Glass by Special Silicone Gel"

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 





**YU-FIC** 

# Flexible OLEDs on **Stainless Steel Foil or Barrier Film**

We develop flexible OLED devices on stainless steel foil of NIPPON STEEL **CORPORATION GROUP or PEN film of Teijin.** 

**Technological features** 

- **Stainless steel foils of NIPPON STEEL CORPORATION GROUP** 
  - Thickness: 50µm or 30µm
  - Excellent surface smoothness (Ra~0.6nm)
  - Excellent temperature and process resistances
  - High gas barrier ability

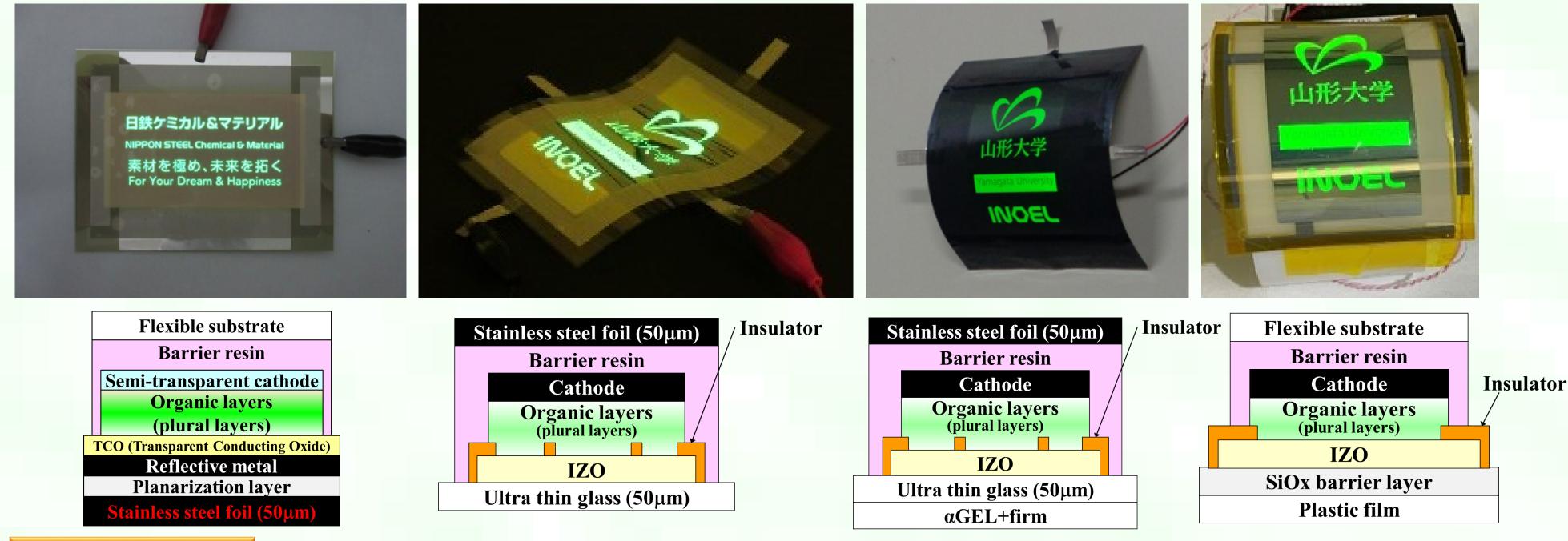
### **Developed technologies**

Stainless steel foil

PEN or PET film

• Roll-to-roll (R2R) CVD for barrier layer • High gas barrier: WVTR~10<sup>-6</sup>g/m<sup>2</sup>/day (WVTR: Water Vapor Transmission Rate)

- Reflective electrode fabrication by Roll-to-roll (R2R) photolithography-free processes
- Prototype flexible OLEDs on stainless steel foil
- •Laminating encapsulation with stainless steel foil for improving mechanical strength of flexible **OLED** devices on ultra-thin glass
- Barrier film
  - Roll-to-roll (R2R) fabrication of single layer barrier and transparent electrode on flexible film
  - Prototype flexible OLEDs on barrier film



**Collaboration** 

**TEIJIN LIMITED, NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material Co., Ltd.,** Nippon Electric Glass Co., Ltd., Mitsuboshi Diamond Industrial Co., Ltd., FUJIKURA KASEI CO., LTD., tesa tape K.K.

**Related program** 

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2023].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

- K. Taira, Taiga Suzuki, W. Konno, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, IDW'18, FLX2-4L (2019). "Development of High Gas Barrier Film Using Novel Precursor by Roll to Roll PECVD"
- T. Suzuki, W. Konno, K. Taira, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, IDW'18, FLXp1-10L (2019). "High Gas Barrier Films with Heterogeneous Multilayer"
- K. Taira, T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, IDW'17, FLXp1-8L (2018). "High gas barrier film for OLED"
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, H. Itoh, H. Kuroiwa, K. Nagai, LOPEC (2017). "Gas barrier film for OLED devices"
- Y. Hagiwara, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, S. Yamaguchi, N. Yamada, J. Nakatsuka, M. Koden, H. Nakada, IDW'17, FLXp1-9L (2017). "Roll-to-Roll Patterning of Reflective Electrode on Planarized Stainless Steel Foil"
- M. Koden, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, H. Kobayashi, H. Nakada, IDW/AD'16, FLX3-1 (2016). "Substrates and Non-ITO Electrodes for Flexible OLEDs"
- Y. Hagiwara, H. Itoh, T. Furukawa, H. Kobayashi, S. Yamaguchi, N. Yamada, J. Nakatsuka, M. Koden, H. Nakada, IDW/AD'16, FLXp1-5 (2016). "Roll-to-Roll Processing of Silver/ITO Continuous Deposition on Planarized Stainless Steel Foil"

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



# Developed technology

**YU-FIC** 

# **Roll-to-Roll (R2R) Fabrication of Barrier Film with Transparent Electrode**

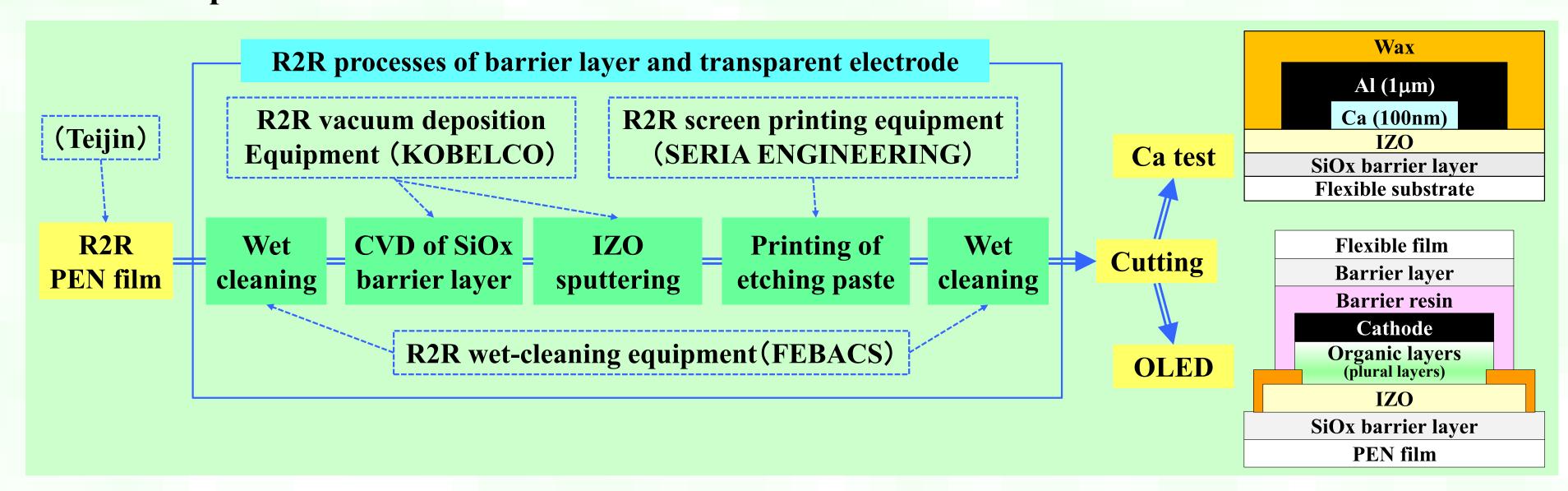
We develop fabrication technologies of gas barrier layer and transparent electrode on flexible films, using roll-to-roll (R2R) depositions, which are PE-CVD (Plasma Enhanced **Chemical Vapor Deposition) and sputtering.** 

### **Technological features**

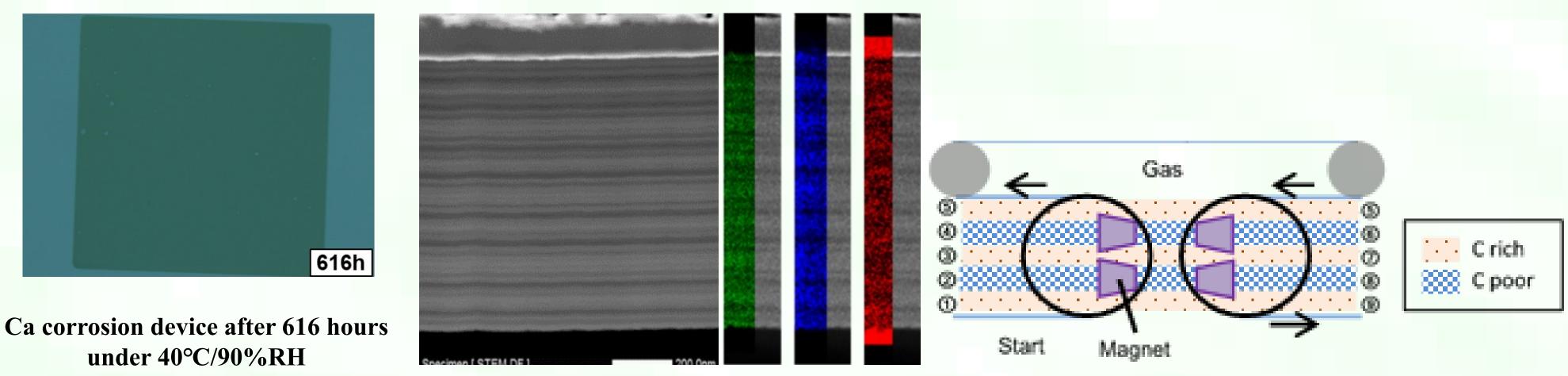
- Roll-to-roll (R2R) PE-CVD deposition of gas barrier layer on flexible films
- High barrier ability with WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) of the order of 10<sup>-6</sup>g/m<sup>2</sup>/day
- High gas barrier films with transparent electrode

### **Developed technologies**

Roll-to-roll (R2R) photolithography-free fabrication of barrier layer and transparent electrode on flexible films



#### **High gas barrier property:** WVTR = $6.3 \times 10^{-6}$ g/m<sup>2</sup>/day



(Thickness of barrier layer: 720nm)

**Cross section of barrier layer CVD** deposition mechanism

#### Collaboration **TEIJIN LIMITED, Tosoh Corporation, MORESCO Corporation**

#### **Related program**

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2023].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

- K. Taira, Taiga Suzuki, W. Konno, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, IDW'18, FLX2-4L (2018). "Development of High Gas Barrier Film Using Novel Precursor by Roll to Roll PECVD"
- T. Suzuki, W. Konno, K. Taira, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, IDW'18, FLXp1-10L (2018). "High Gas Barrier Films with Heterogeneous Multilayer"
- K. Taira, T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, IDW'17, FLXp1-8L (2017). "High gas barrier film for OLED"
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, M. Koden, H. Itoh, H. Kuroiwa, K. Nagai, LOPEC (2017). "Gas Barrier Film for OLED Devices"



# **In-Mold Electronics (IME) Technology**

We develop novel in-mold electronics (IME) technologies, molding functional components, printed electrodes on flexible substrates.

#### **Technological features**

3D-molding technologies with electrodes
 Process simplification in fabrication of circuit board by printing technologies

#### Applications

- Sensors (agricultural sensors, in-water sensors, etc.)
- Automotive interiors (lighting, controller, etc. of instrument panels and consoles)
- Thin IoT devices

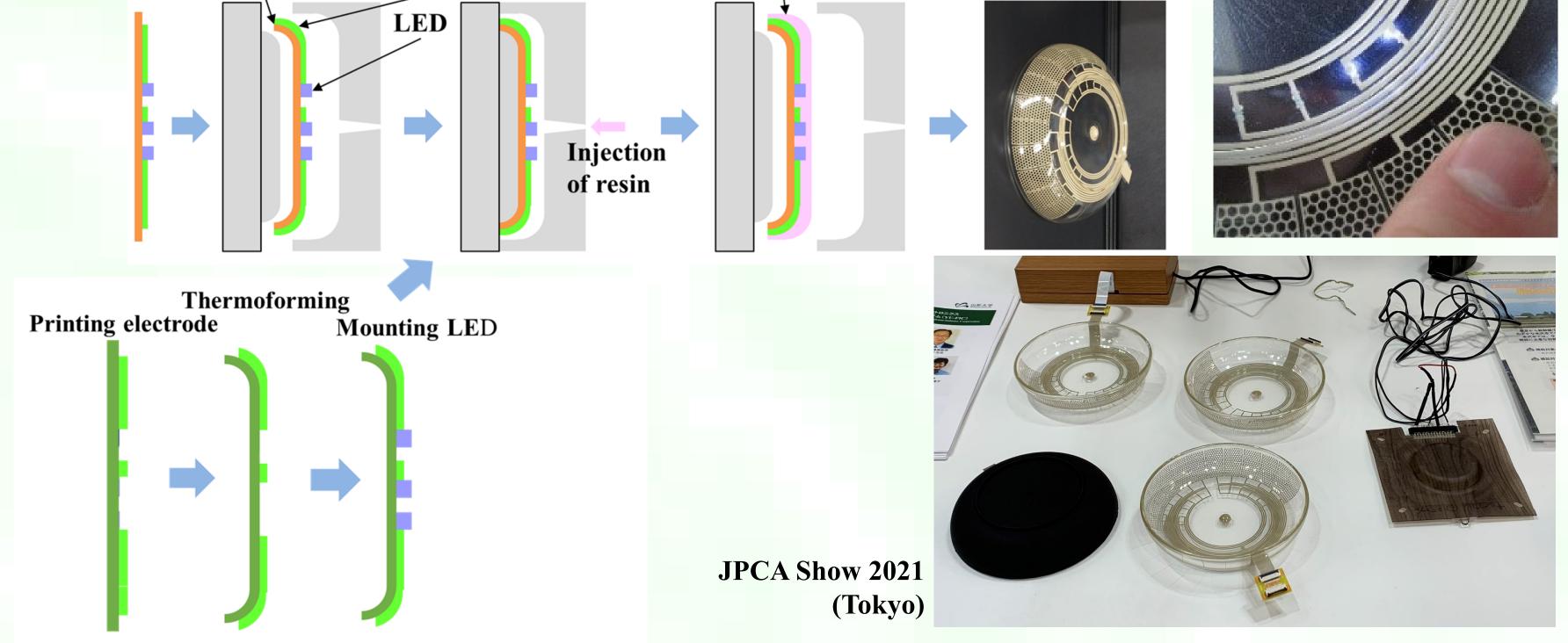
#### **Developed technologies**

**3D-shaped prototype with touch screen and LEDs** 

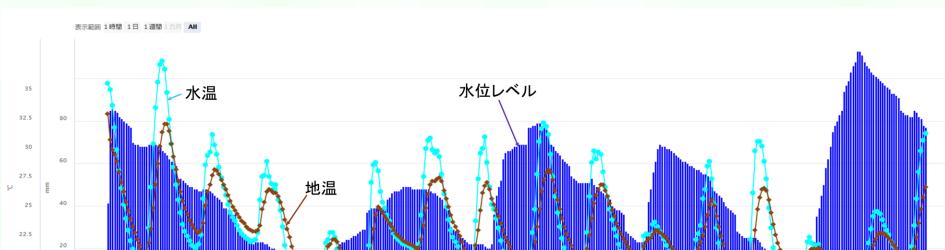
Substrate Printing electrode

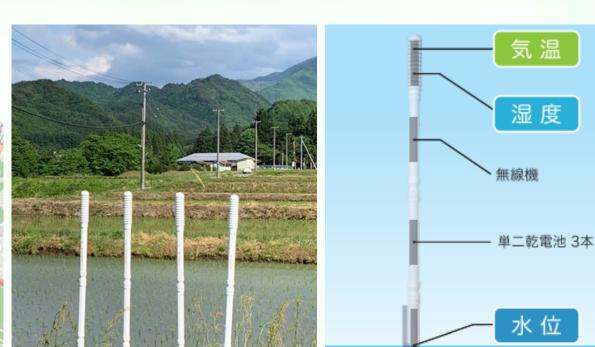
Resin

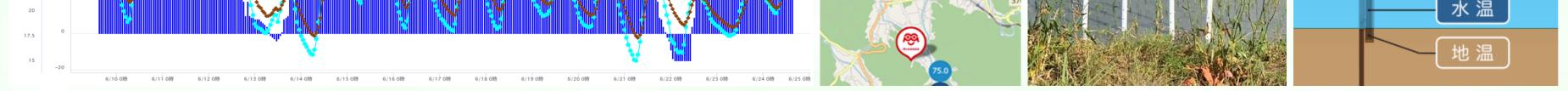




- Agricultural sensor / Verification test
  - Applied to agricultural sensors of Nishimu Electronics Industries
  - Verification test in Paddy fields of Yonezawa city and Tome city.







# CollaborationAiwa Lite Corporation, The Japan Steel Works, LTD., TEIJIN LIMITED,FUJIKURA KASEI CO., LTD., Nishimu Electronics Industries Co., Ltd.

**Related program** 

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2023].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

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- Y. Kawamura, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, ICFPE 2021, 2Rm401-08-02 (2021). "Student Oral Presentation Award" "Improvement of printed electrodes disconnection after 3D thermoforming by optimizing print process on PC film"
- Y. Kawamura, T. Takahashi, K. Wakabayashi, H. Hirose, Y. Azakami, H. Itoh, T. Furukawa, IDW'20, FLX3-04L (2020). "Effect of Pressure Forming Conditions on PC Sheet integrating Electric Wiring for 3D Electronics Technology"
- 山形大学;「有機デバイス総合展」(2021.10/東京ビッグサイト).
- 山形大学;「JFlex2020展」(2020.1 / 東京ビッグサイト),「JFlex2021展」(2020.12 / オンライン).

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



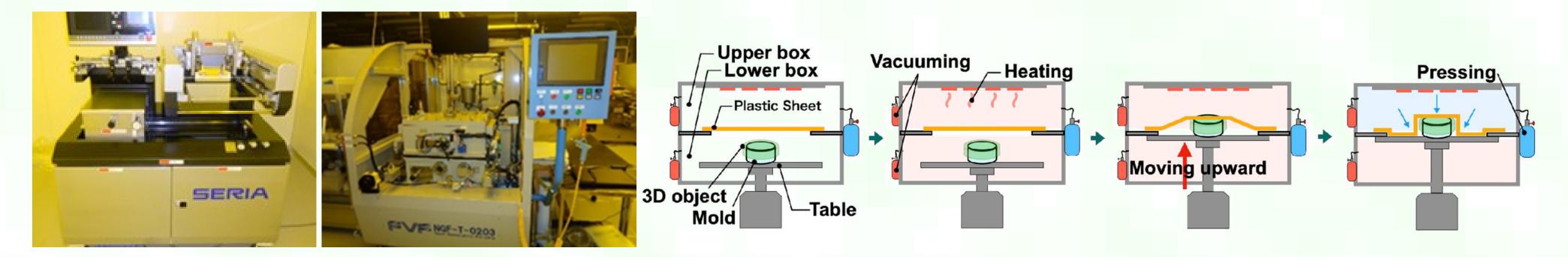
# Mechanism analysis of electrode disconnection in 3D thermoforming

We study on https://sid.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/21680159/2008/39/1processes.

Processes

Developed

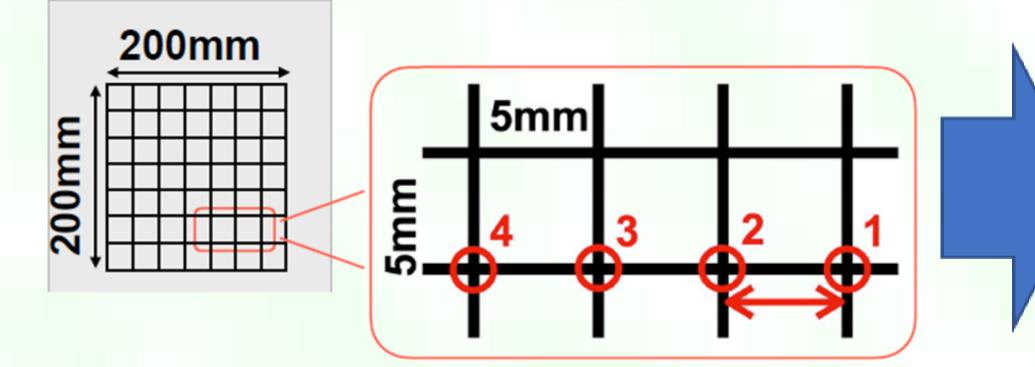
technology



Screen printing equipment **3D thermoforming** equipment

**3D thermoforming process** 

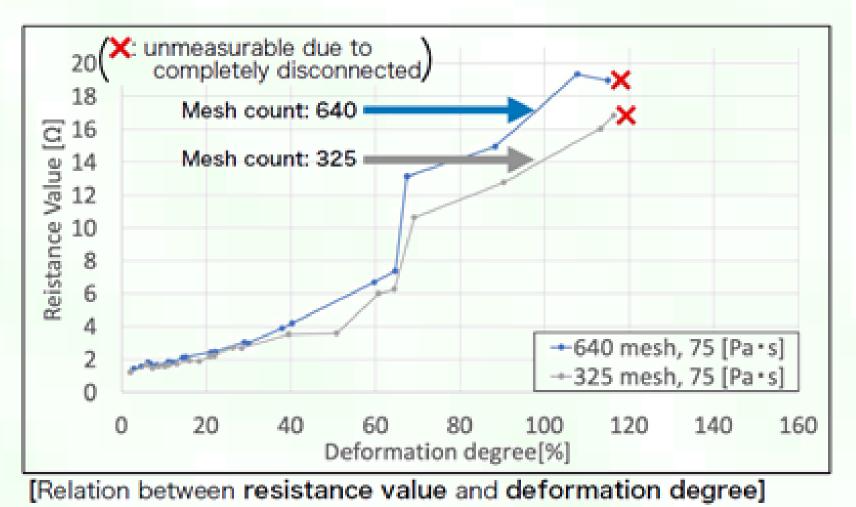
#### Thermoforming experiments



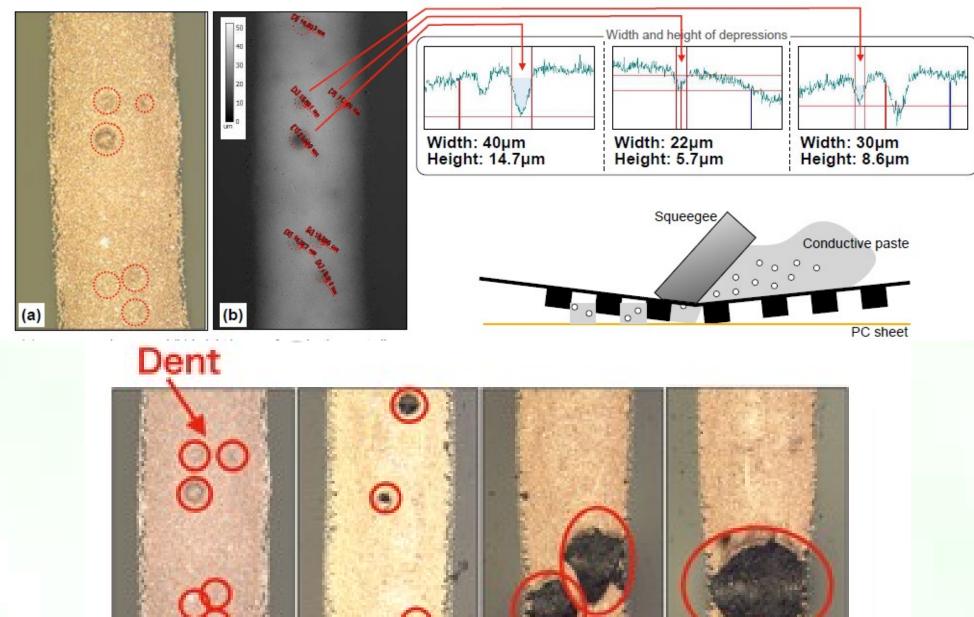
Printing of conducting paste on plastic sheet

Top area 80mm Side Wall area 40mm Bottom area

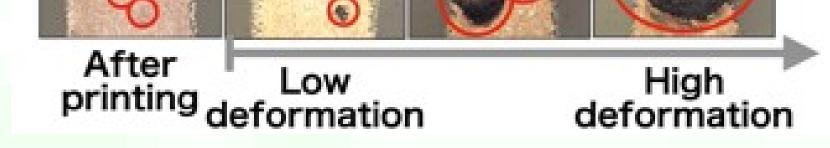
Thermoforming



**Relationship between deformation degree** 



#### of substrate and electrical resistance



Mechanism of electrode disconnection

# Collaboration TEIJIN LIMITED, FUJIKURA KASEI CO., LTD.

#### **Related program**

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2021].
- JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2020].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

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- Y. Kawamura, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, ICFPE 2021, 2Rm401-08-02 (2021). "Student Oral Presentation Award" "Improvement of printed electrodes disconnection after 3D thermoforming by optimizing print process on PC film"
- Y. Kawamura, T. Takahashi, K. Wakabayashi, H. Hirose, Y. Azakami, H. Itoh, T. Furukawa, IDW'20, FLX3-04L (2020). "Effect of Pressure Forming Conditions on PC Sheet integrating Electric Wiring for 3D Electronics Technology"

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



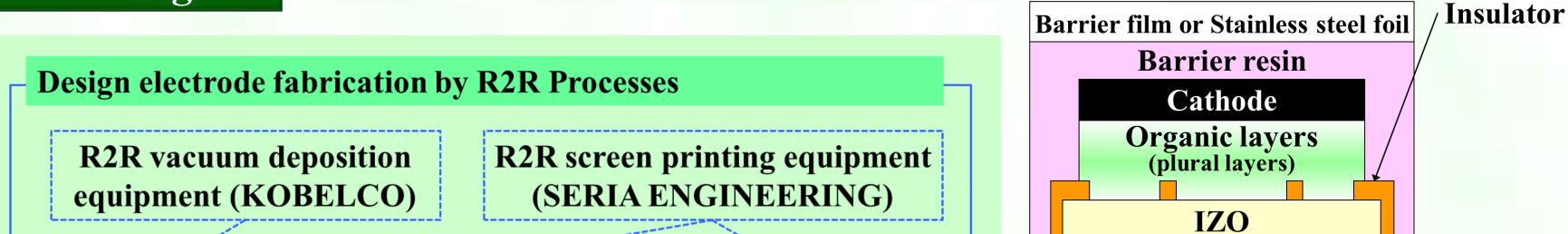
# Application of organic electronics YU-FIC technologies to interactive advertisement

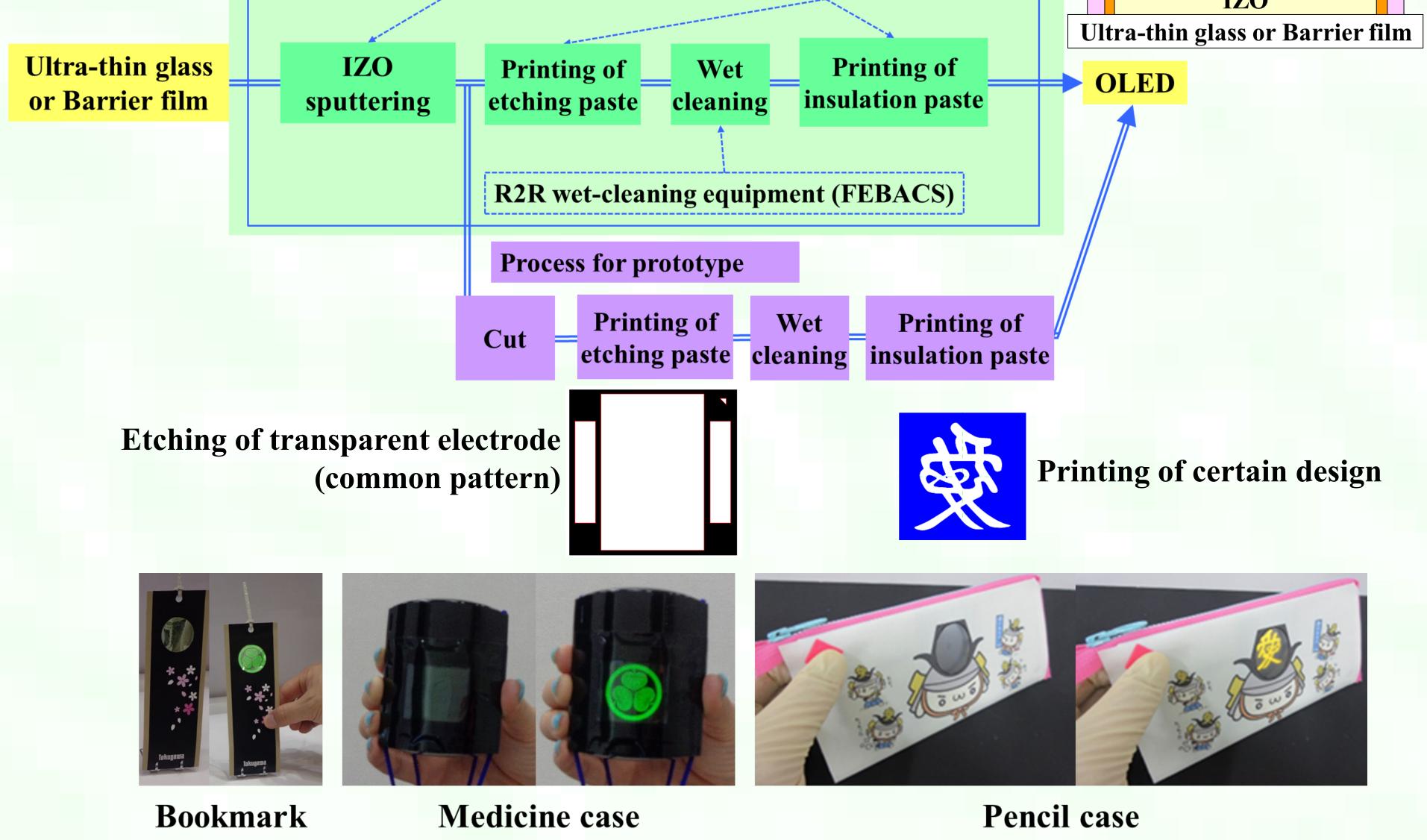
We develop flexible OLED devices for packages, etc., aiming at the application of organic electronics products to advertisement.

#### **Technological features**

- Flexible OLED packages for various applications
- Applied to package, advertisement, souvenir, name plate, bookmark, etc.

### **Developed technologies**







NameplateSouvenirAmuletCollaborationKOMORI Corporation, TAKEDA PRINTING CO., LTD.,<br/>Taica CorporationTaica Corporation

#### **Related program**

• Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Japan-Germany International Collaborative Practical Utilization Consortium (YU-FIC) [Oct. 2017~Mar. 2023].

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• MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



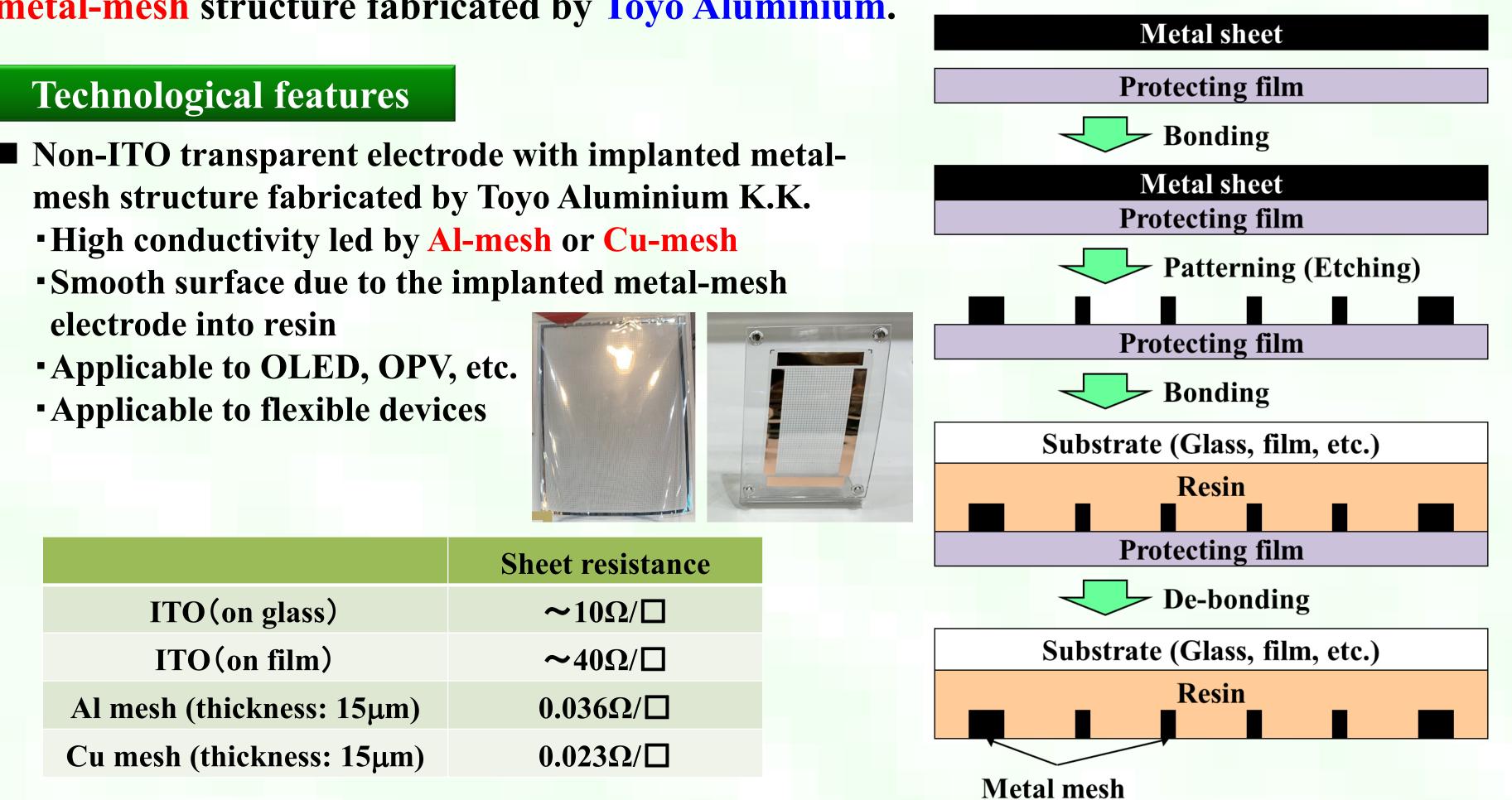
Developed technology **YU-FLEC** 

# **Non-ITO Transparent Electrode** with Implanted Metal-mesh Structure

ITO (Indium Tin Oxide), which is the most common transparent electrode in LCDs and **OLEDs**, has issues in cost, productivity, etc.

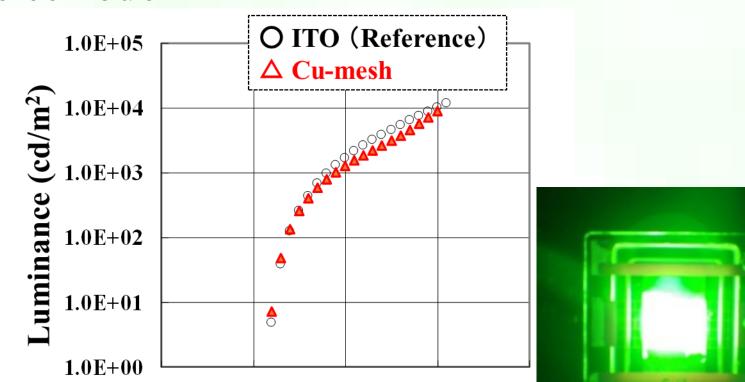
We develop OLED devices using a non-ITO transparent electrode with novel implanted **metal-mesh** structure fabricated by **Toyo Aluminium**.

Non-ITO transparent electrode with implanted metalmesh structure fabricated by Toyo Aluminium K.K. High conductivity led by Al-mesh or Cu-mesh

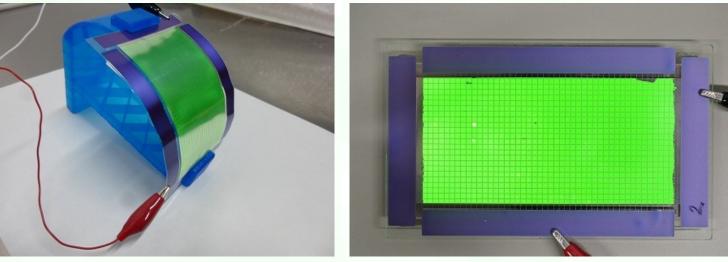


#### **Developed technologies**

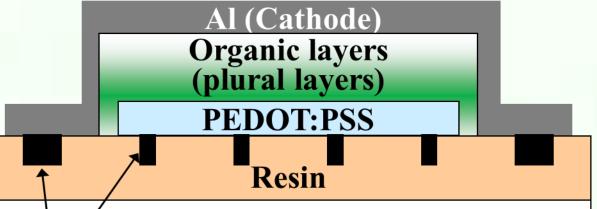
OLED devices using non-ITO transparent electrode with implanted metal-mesh electrode Comparative performance with normal ITO electrode



OLED device samples with implanted metal-mesh electrode



**Fabrication process of metal-mesh substrate** 



4 6 Voltage (V)

2

0

Substrate (Glass, film, etc.)

Metal mesh (Thickness: 15µm, width: 75µm)

# **Toyo Aluminium K.K., Prof. Takeshi Sano (INOEL, Yamagata University)**

#### **Related program**

Collaboration

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023].
- JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1844 [FY2018~FY2022].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

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#### **Publication**

- M. Koden, N. Kawamura, T. Yuki, H. Nakada, R. Waguri, K. Den, R. Nakao, H. Minamiyama, The 31th Meeting of Japan OLED Forum, S7-2 (2020).
- R. Waguri, K. Den, R. Nakao, H. Minamiyama, MES2020, 1B1-2 (2020).
- Yamagata University; "JFlex2020" (Jan. 2020 / Tokyo), "TCTJAPAN" (Jan. 2020 / Tokyo, "JFlex2019" (Jan. 2019 / Tokyo).

- Toyo Aluminium; Japan Chemical Daily (20 Jan. 2020), Japan Metal Daily (18 Mar. 2020).
- R. Waguri, Toyal Technical Report (2019).
- Toyo Aluminium; "INTERNEPCON Japan" (Jan. 2020, Jan. 2019 / Tokyo).

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



Developed technology **YU-FLEC** 

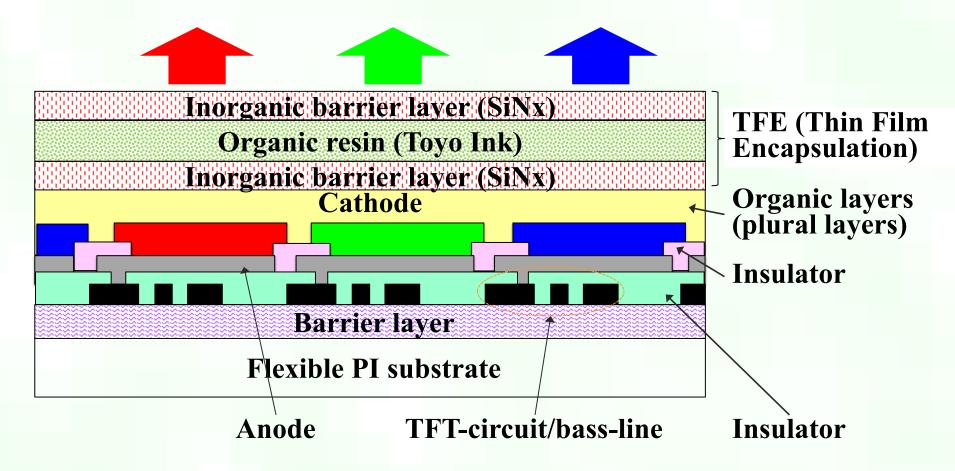
# **TFE (Thin Film Encapsulation)** Technologies for OLEDs

We develop TFE (Thin Film Encapsulation) technologies for OLED devices, using organic resins developed by TOYOCHEM CO., LTD. (TOYO INK SC HOLDINGS group).

#### **Technological features**

- Advantages of "Non-solvent UV-IJ resin ink" developed by TOYOCHEM"
  - To support SiNx barrier layer
  - •UV cure type (non-solvent)
  - Applicable to ink-jet

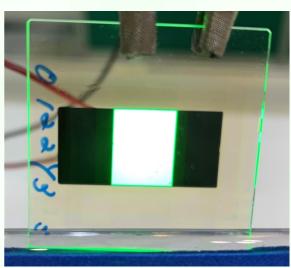
# **Developed technologies**

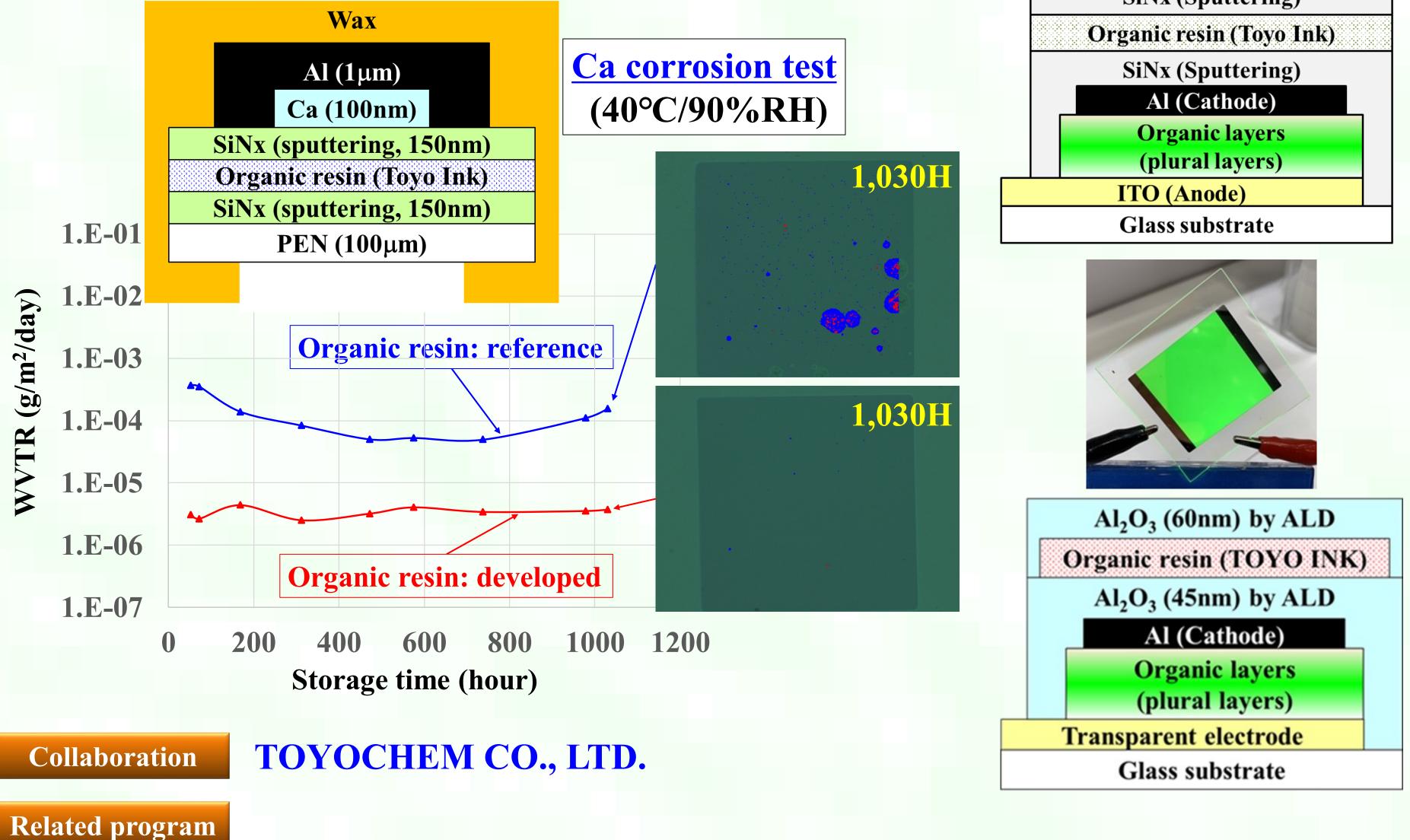


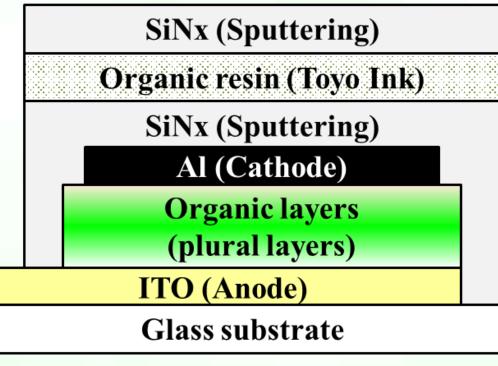
- **TFE structure with high gas barrier property** 
  - TEF with "Non-solvent UV-IJ resin ink" developed by TOYOCHEM
  - No actual damage after storage test of 1,000 hours under 40°C/90%RH
  - •WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate): order of 10<sup>-6</sup>g/m<sup>2</sup>/day (40°C/90%RH)

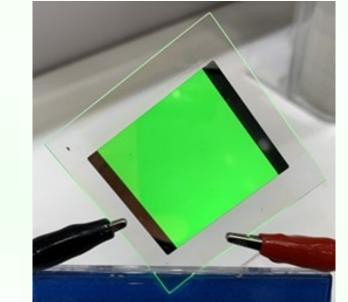
**Image of OLED with TFE** 

# OLED device with the developed TFE structure









- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

#### **Publication / Commercialization**

- Yamagata University; "JFlex2020" (Jan. 2020 / Tokyo); "JFlex2019" (Jan. 2019 / Tokyo).
- The developed results have been applied to LIORESIT<sup>™</sup> NSP 800 series (UV Curing/ IJ printing) of TOYOCHEM CO., LTD.

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



Developed technology YU-FLEC

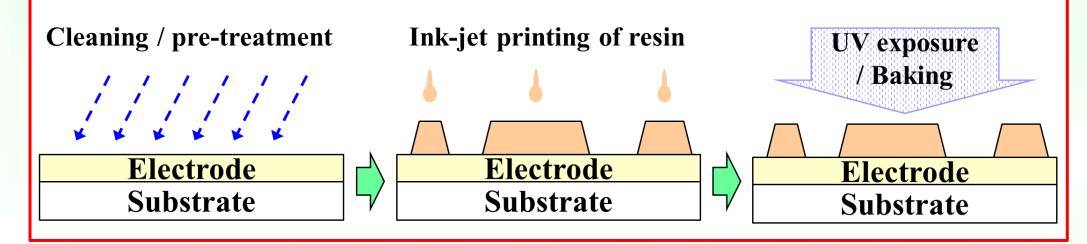
# OnDemand Patterning of OLEDs by Ink-jet Printed Insulators

**OnDemand patterning** of OLEDs was developed by on-demand pattens of insulators fabricated by ink-jet printing. The developed technology can be applied to small lot **OLED productions** with various designs, inducing novel applications.

#### **Technological features**

- Ink-jet printing of insulators
   simple and inexpensive processes
  - On-Demand design (small lot with various designs)
  - Eco-friendly (small volume of waste liquid)
  - Suppression of contamination (Non-contact between substrates and masks)

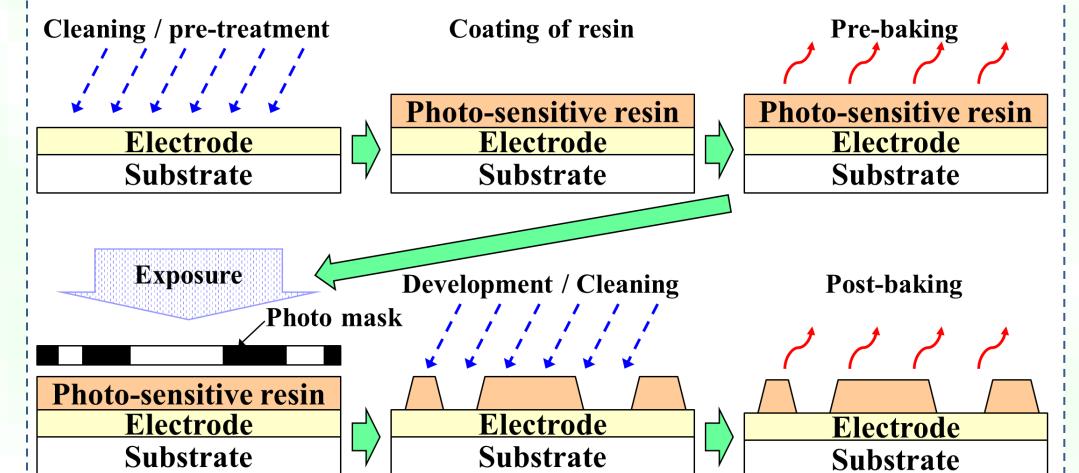
#### **<OnDemand ink-jet patterning of insulators>**



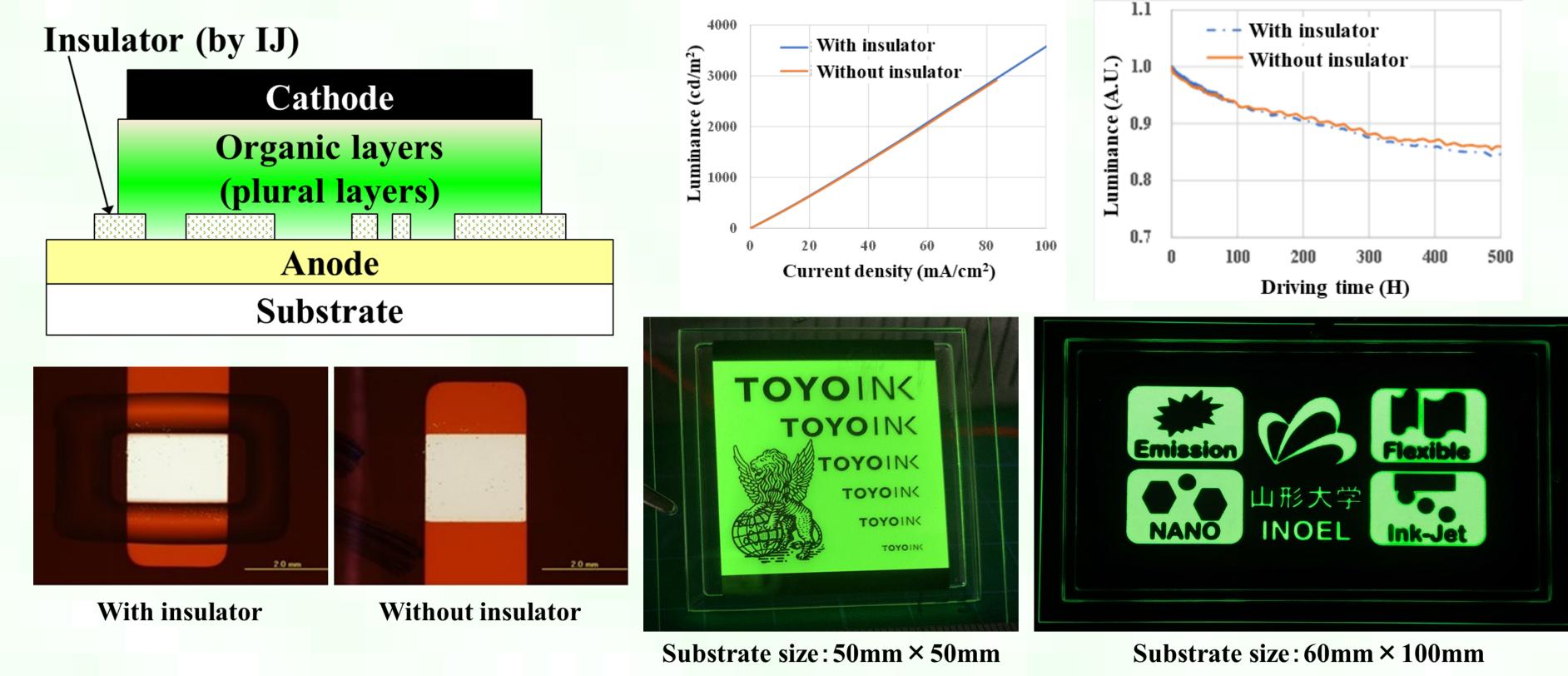
<Current method with photosensitive resists>

- •High resolution but complicated (expensive)
- Inadequate for on-demand production because of photomasks
- LIORESIT<sup>™</sup> NSP 800 of TOYOCHEM CO., LTD.
  - •UV curing transparent insulation material
  - Printable with IJ printer
  - Curable with 365~395nm UV light
  - No solvent included
- [\*] TOYOCHEM CO., LTD. is a wholly owned subsidiary company of Toyo Ink SC Holdings Co., Ltd.

# **Developed technologies**



- OLED devices with On-Demand patterns of insulators printed by ink-jet
  - Uniform emission including with edges of insulators
  - Comparable characteristics and lifetime with OLEDs without the insulators
  - •Resolution: L/S=61/62µm (almost comparable with 400dpi)



Collaboration **TOYOCHEM CO., LTD.** 

#### **Related program**

- Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

#### **Publication**

• M. Sugimoto, Y. Fukuchi, H. Tsuruta, M. Koden, H. Nakada, T. Yuki, A-COE 2021, PA-17 (2021). "OLEDs with on-demand patterns drown by ink-jet printing"

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 





# **Barrier layer by ALD** (Atomic Layer Deposition)

**ALD (Atomic Layer Deposition)** can fabricate barrier layers with excellent surface coverage and can be applied flexible electronics devices. We provide high gas barrier layers using ALD method for applying various collaborations on flexible organic electronics.

### **Technological features**

- Excellent surface coverage by ALD
- High gas barrier property by multi-layer structure with SiNx.

WVTR: order of 10<sup>-6</sup>/g/m<sup>2</sup>/day

(WVTR: Water Vapor Transmission Rate)

Equipment: ALD of SUGA CO., Ltd.

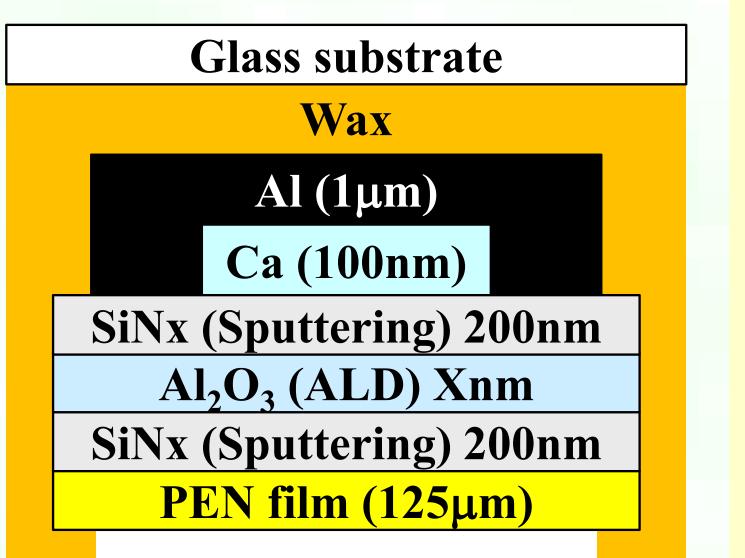


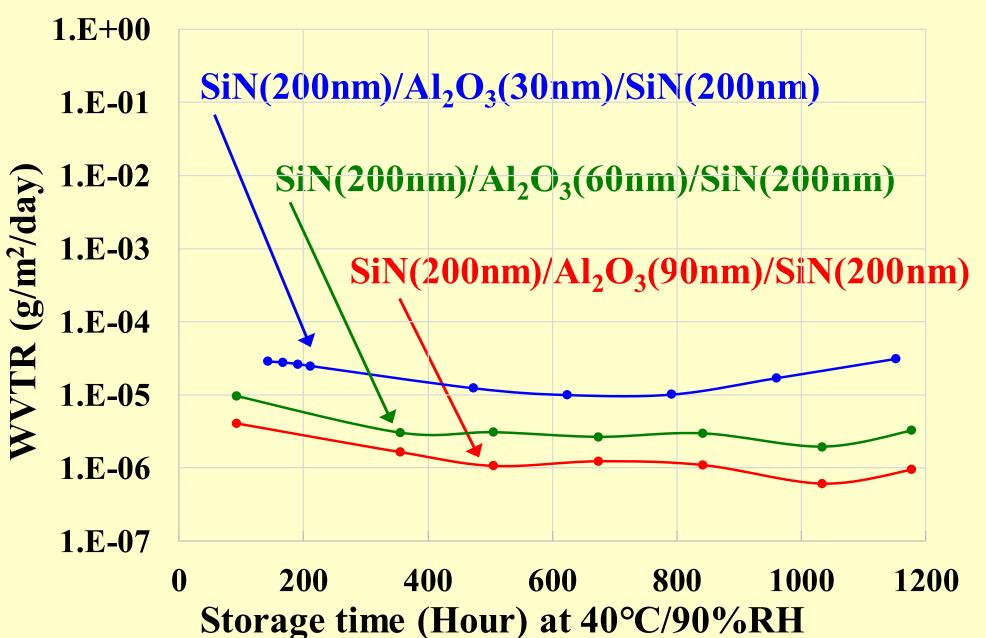
(Maximum substrate size: 10cm × 10cm)

#### **Developed technologies**

ALD equipment (SUGA CO., Ltd.)

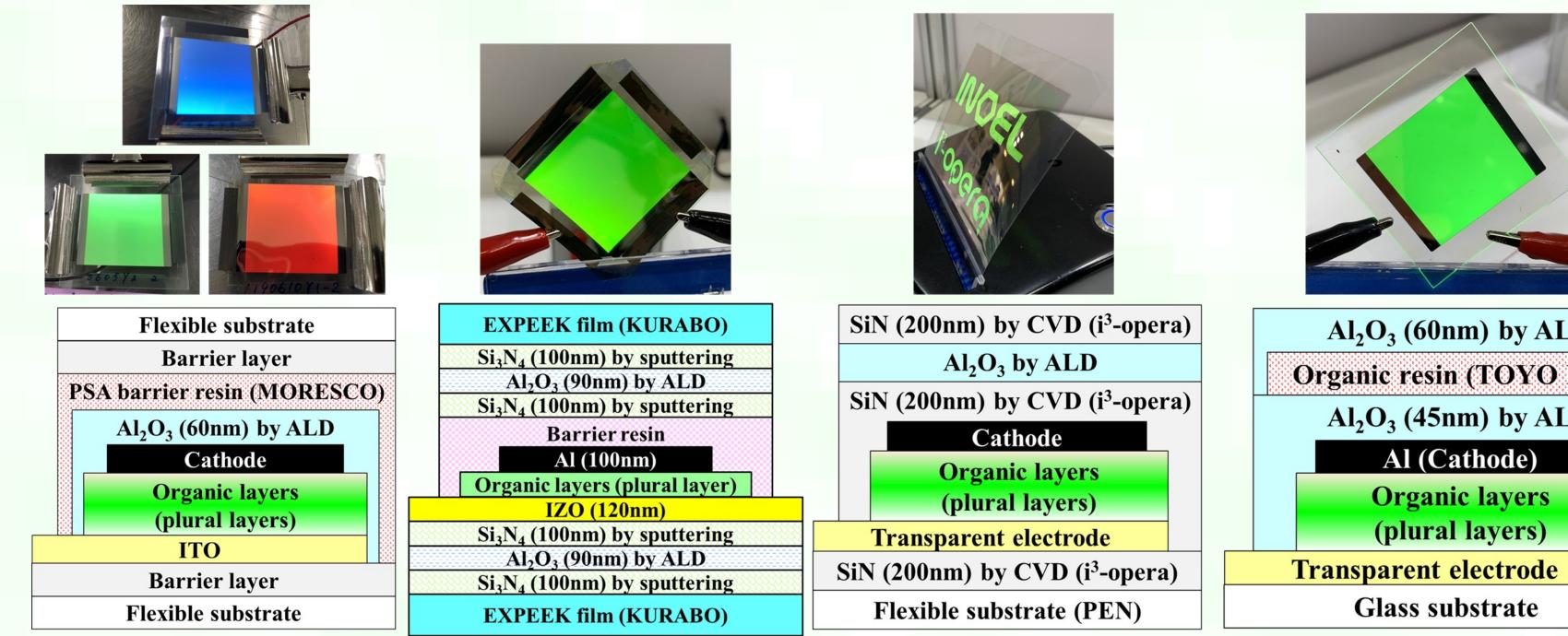


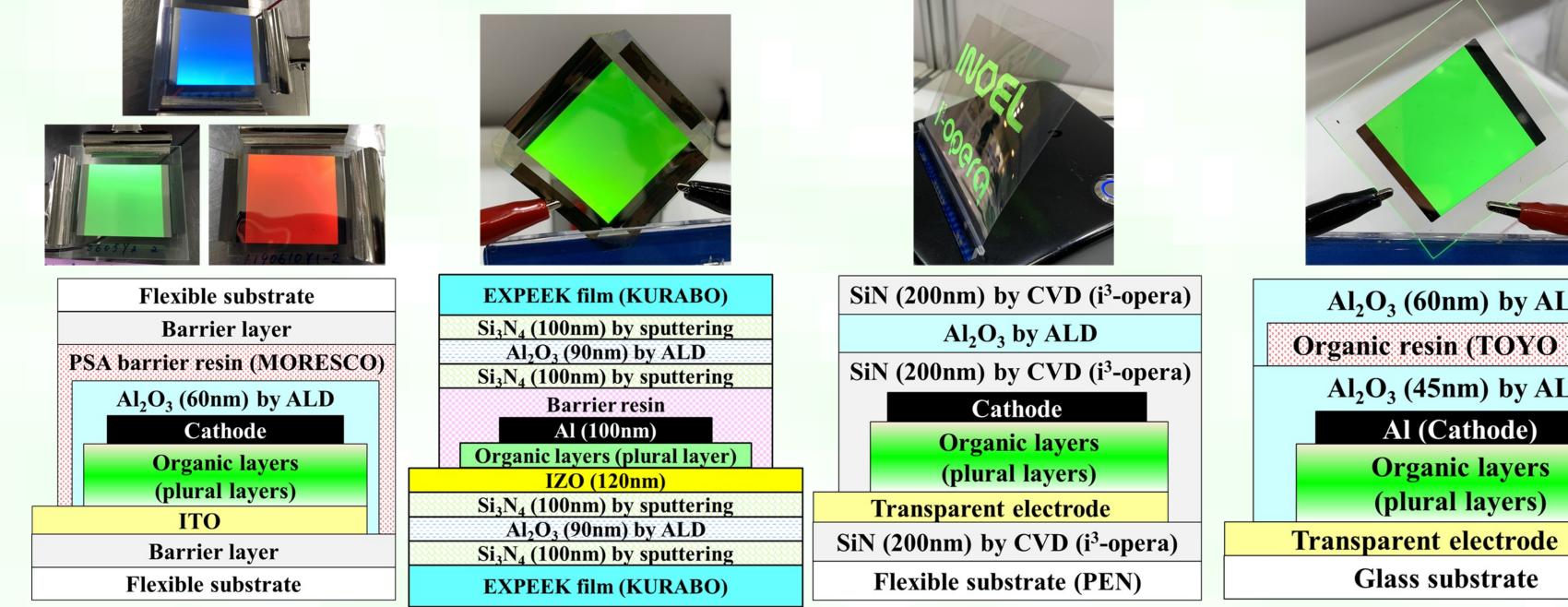


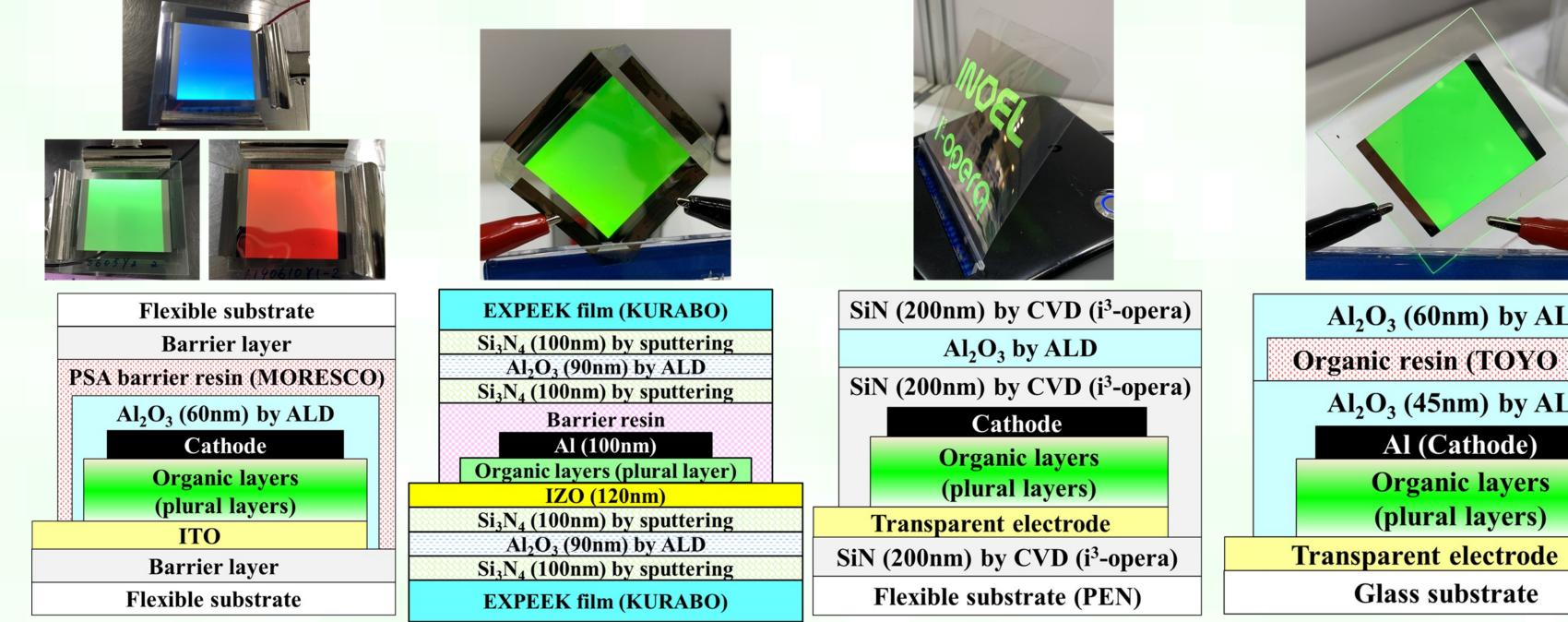


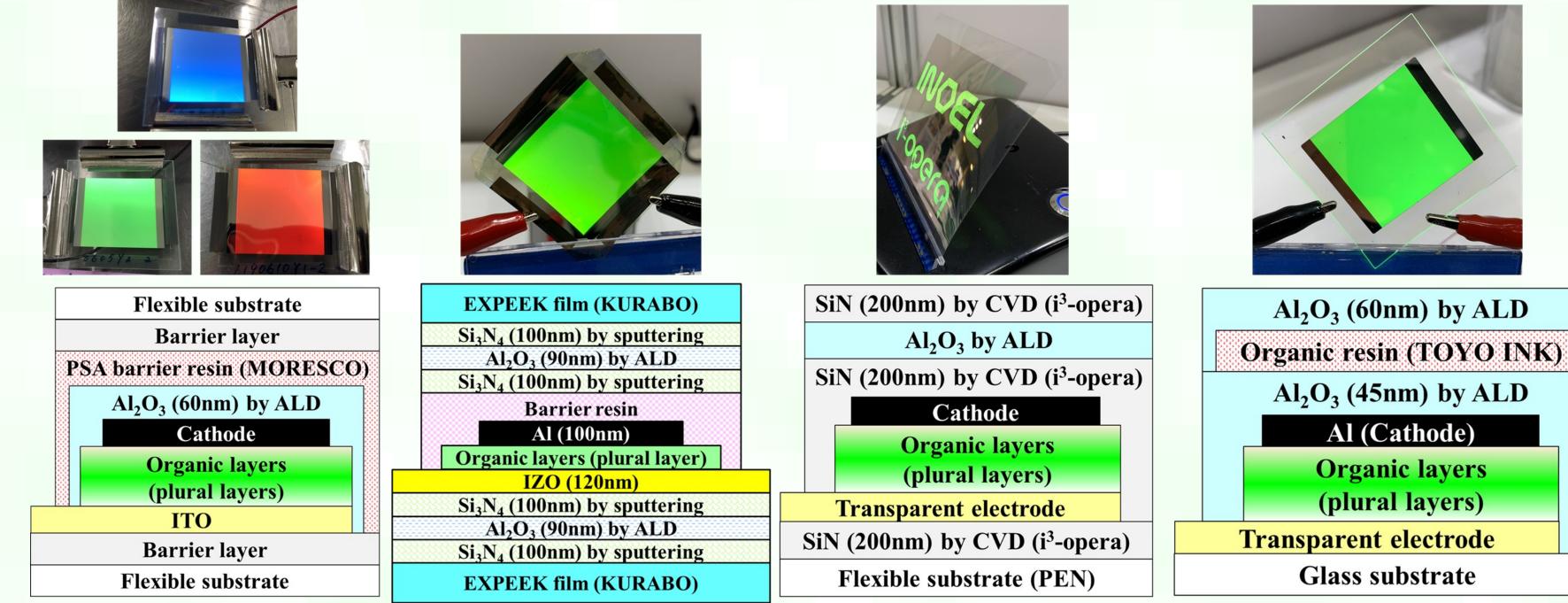
WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) measurement by Ca corrosion method

OLED devices with Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> layers deposited by ALD









#### **Related program**

• Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023].

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• MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



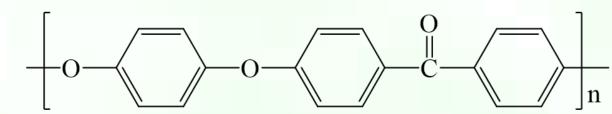
Developed technology YU-FLEC

# High Temperature Tolerant Barrier Films for Flexible OLEDs

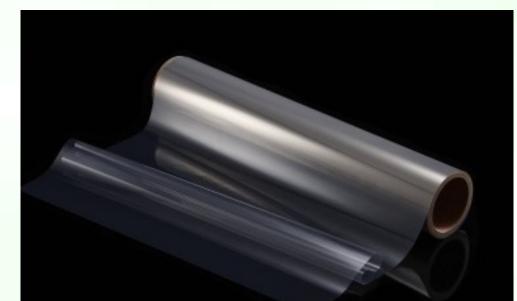
OLED fabrication often requires high temperature processes (higher than 200°C). From this point of view, we develop high temperature tolerant barrier films for flexible OLEDs, using EXPEEK<sup>®</sup> film developed by KURABO.

#### **Technological features**

- Advantages of high temperature tolerant film EXPEEK (KURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.)
  - Biaxially stretched PEEK (polyetheretherketone) film
  - •Similar temperature tolerance to polyimide (Tg:320°C)
  - Excellent solvent tolerance
  - Excellent transparency



**Fundamental moiety of PEEK** 



- •Low thermal shrinkage
- Application of EXPEEK with gas barrier layer to flexible OLED devices

### **Developed technologies**

High gas barrier property: WVTR with order of 10<sup>-5</sup>~10<sup>-6</sup>g/m<sup>2</sup>/day

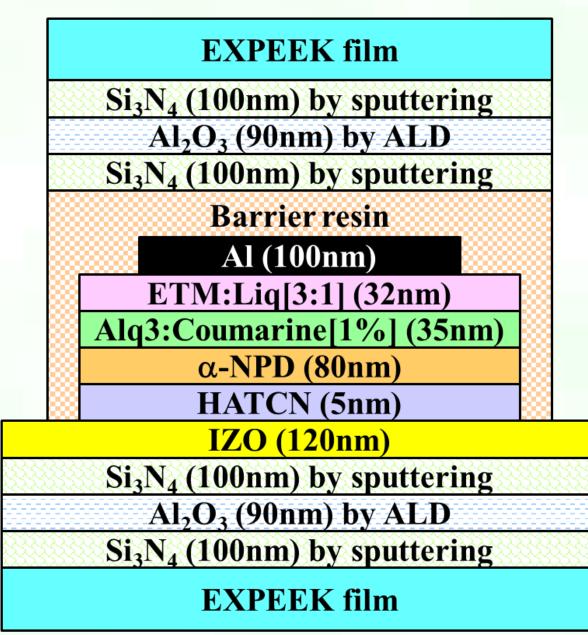
WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate) measurement by Ca corrosion method

Structure of barrier film	Highest process Temperature	Typical WVTR
EXPEEK/SiNx(100nm)	<100°C	$2 \times 10^{-3}$
EXPEEK/Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (90nm)	100°C	$2 \times 10^{-2}$
EXPEEK/Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (10nm)	300°C	2 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>
EXPEEK/SiNx(100nm)/Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (90nm)/SiNx(100nm)	100°C	2 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>
EXPEEK/Resin/SiNx(100nm)	100°C	4 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>
EXPEEK/SiNx(100nm)/Resin/SiNx(100nm)	100°C	3 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>

# EXPEEK

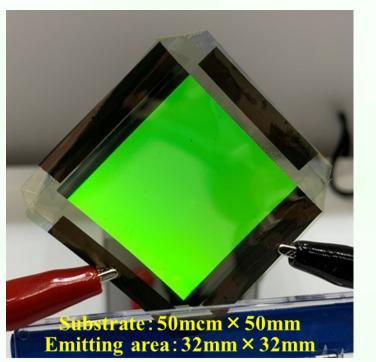
(KURABO INDUSTRIES)

### Flexible OLED devices



WVTR (Water Vapor Transmission Rate): Evaluated by Ca corrosion method under 40°C/90%RH SiNx: Deposited by sputtering <u>Barrier film</u>

Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: Deposited by ALD (Atomic Layer Deposition) Resin: NSP811 (Toyo Ink) coated by ink-jet (thickness:10~15µm) Barrier filmAdhesive barrier resinAl (1µm)Ca (100nm)



Barrier layer EXPEEK (25µm)

> "JFlex2020" (Oct. 2020 / Tokyo)

# CollaborationKURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.Related program

• Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023].

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• MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

#### **Publication**

- T. Yuki, T. Nishikawa, M. Sugimoto, H. Nakada, M. Koden, ITE Trans. on MTA Vol. 9, No. 4, pp. 216-221 (2021). "High Temperature Tolerant Barrier Films with Stacking Barrier Layers by Sputtering and ALD"
- T. Yuki, T. Nishikawa, M. Sugimoto, H. Nakada, M. Koden, IDW'20, FLX2-3 (2020). "High Temperature Tolerant Barrier Film with Stacking Barrier Layers by Sputtering and ALD"
- Yamagata University; "JFlex2020" (Jan. 2020 / Tokyo); "JFlex2019" (Jan. 2019 / Tokyo).
- KURABO; "7th Fine Plastic Exhibition" (Dec. 2018 / Tokyo), "SEMICON Japan 2018" (Dec. 2018 / Tokyo).

#### **EXPEEK<sup>®</sup>** is a registered trademark of KURABO INDUSTRIES LTD.

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



### Developed **Printed Flexible Organic Photovoltaic** technology (OPV) Fabricated by Roll-to-roll Processes

By the collaboration with MORESCO Corporation, we developed a roll-to-roll (R2R) process technology for printing-type flexible Organic Photovoltaics (OPVs). The develop devices are being evaluated by the verification test of the technology.

### **Features of flexible OPV**

**c**an be applied to windows etc. due to the transparent feature.

- thin, light weight and un-breakable due to flexible and film
- applied to various places such as windows, walls, etc. by double-sided tape etc.

#### **Technological features**

**Fabricated by roll-to-roll (R2R) printing** 

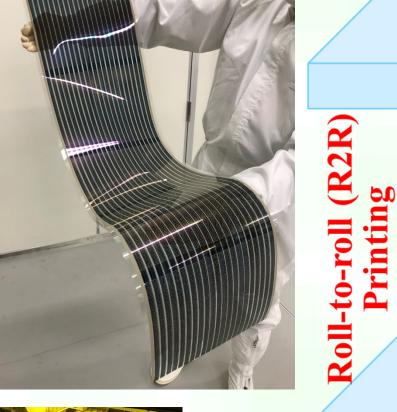


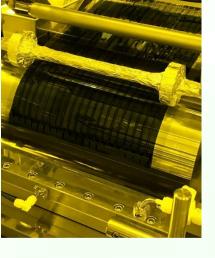
- Width: 30cm, Length>1m
- Fabrication processes
  - 1) Transparent electrode (TCO) deposition
  - 2) TCO patterning
  - 3) Cleaning of substrate
  - 4) Printing of ETL (R2R)
  - 5) Printing of active layer (R2R)
  - 6) **Printing of HTL**(**R2R**)
  - 7) Printing of electrode (R2R)
  - 8) Current collection
  - 9) Encapsulation

### **Developed technologies**

- Roll-to-roll (R2R) printing technologies of flexible OPV
- Verification test:
  - 1) Laminate flexible OPVs on windows of 2nd flour
  - 2) Measure and transmit the data of voltage, current, temperature and sunshine by using the generated power.
  - 3) Display the measured data on a monitor of 1st flour.

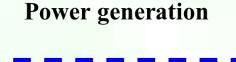
#### **OPVs of MORESCO**





<2nd flour>









Data analysis

Display of sensing data **Verification test at INOEL of Yamagata University** 

#### **Barrier film**

#### 7) Electrode

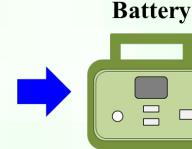
6) HTL (Hole Transport Layer

#### 5) Active layer

- 4) ETL (Electron Transport Layer)
- 1) TCO (Transparent Conducting Oxide)

#### **Barrier film**

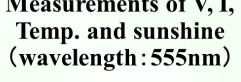
#### **Structure of flexible OPV**



# Sensor/Transmitter



#### Measurements of V, I, **Electricity storage** Temp. and sunshine (wavelength: 555nm)





**Shopping street** (March 2018)



**"OPTree" at KOBE ANIMAL** KINGDOM(Oct. 2020)



(Sep.2021)

"Tapestry" (designing by printing on OPV)

Collaboration

# **MORESCO** Corporation

**Related program** 

- **Publication**
- JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2020]. • MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

- Yamagata University; "JFlex2020" (Jan. 2020 / Tokyo).
- Yamagata University; "PVEXPO 2021" (March 2021 / Tokyo & Online).
- Yamagata University; Press Release (6 Nov. 2019).
- MORESCO; Press Release (6 Nov. 2019).

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 

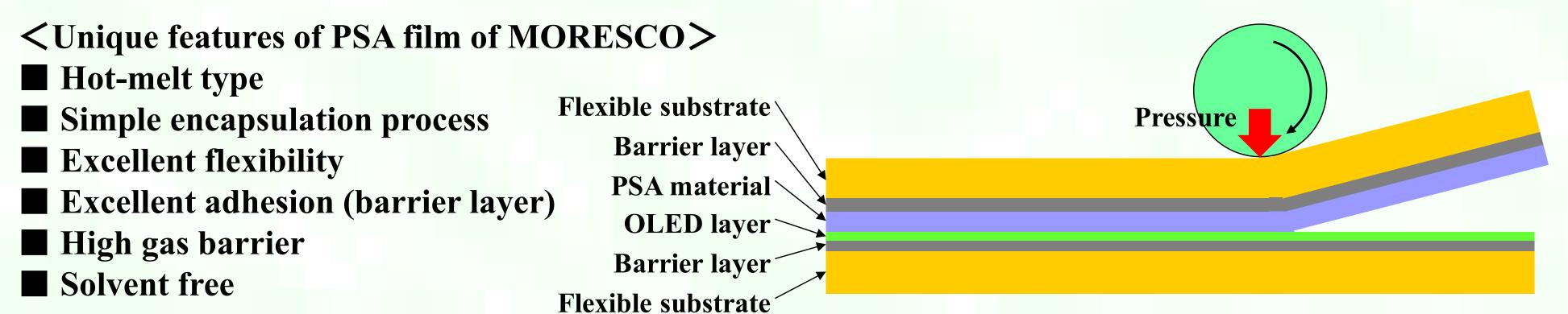


Developed technology **YU-FLEC** 

# **PSA Encapsulating Technologies** for OLEDs

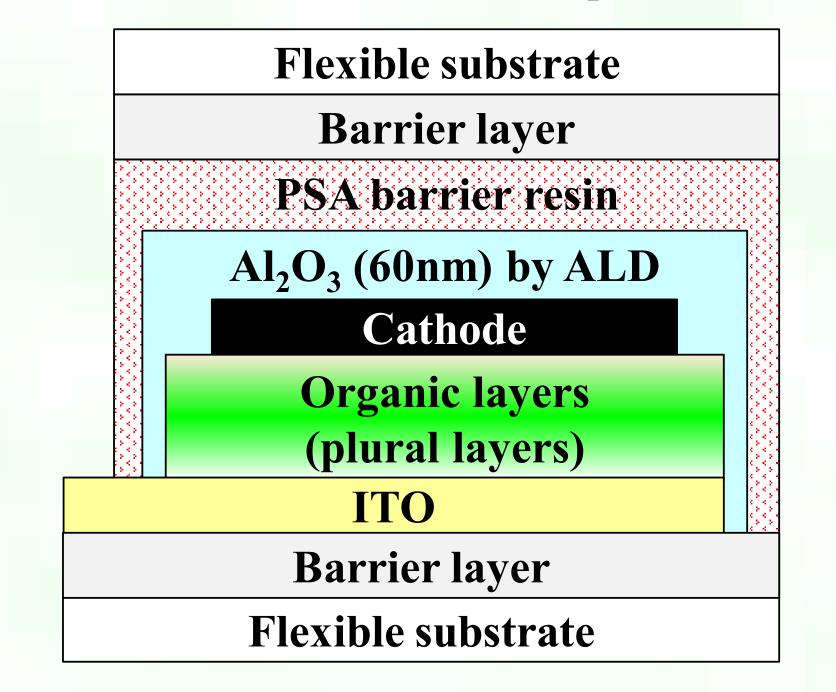
We collaborate with **MORESCO Corporation**, aiming at the development of flexible OLED devices with their PSA (Pressure Sensitive Adhesive) film.

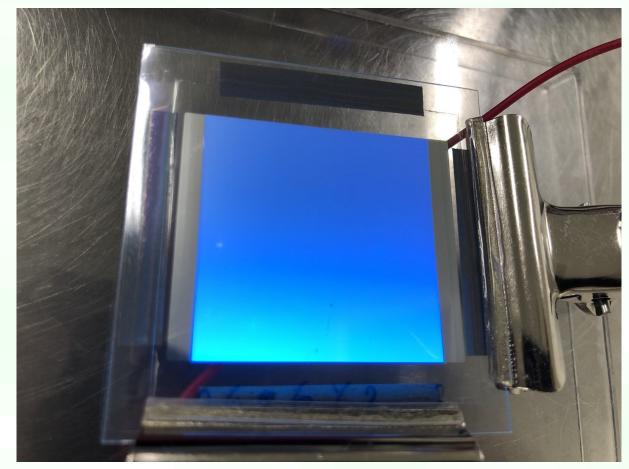
#### **Technological features**

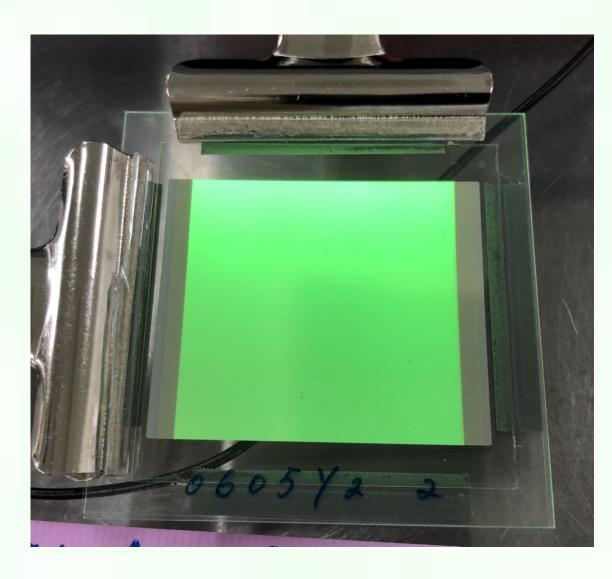


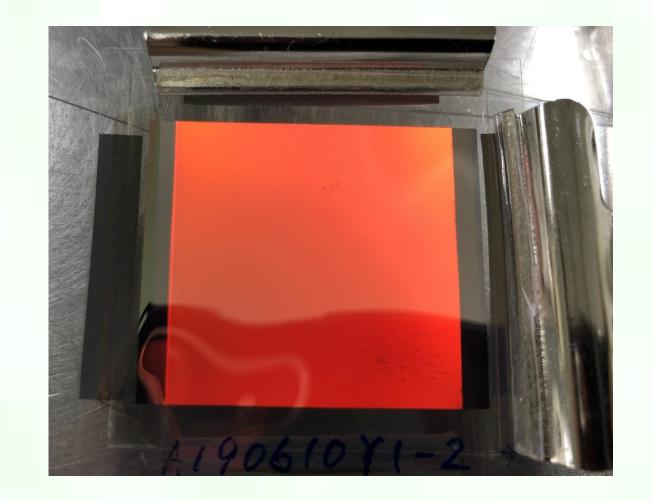
#### **Developed technologies**

#### Flexible OLED devices with PSA encapsulation









#### Collaboration **MORESCO** Corporation

#### **Related program**

• Yamagata University Flexible Electronics Consortium for Academia-Industry Cooperation (YU-FLEC) [Jan. 2018~Mar. 2023].

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- JST: OPERA Program Grant Number JPMOP1614 [FY2016~FY2020].
- MEXT: Construction Program of Open Innovation Organization [FY2018~FY2022].

#### **Publication**

• Yamagata University; "JFlex2020" (Jan. 2020 / Tokyo).



# 技術成果

# **Spray Coating**

**Spray coating** technology for organic electronics devices are developed. **OLED** devices fabricated by spray coating gave uniform emission and comparable characteristics with those fabricated by spin coating.

### **Technological features**

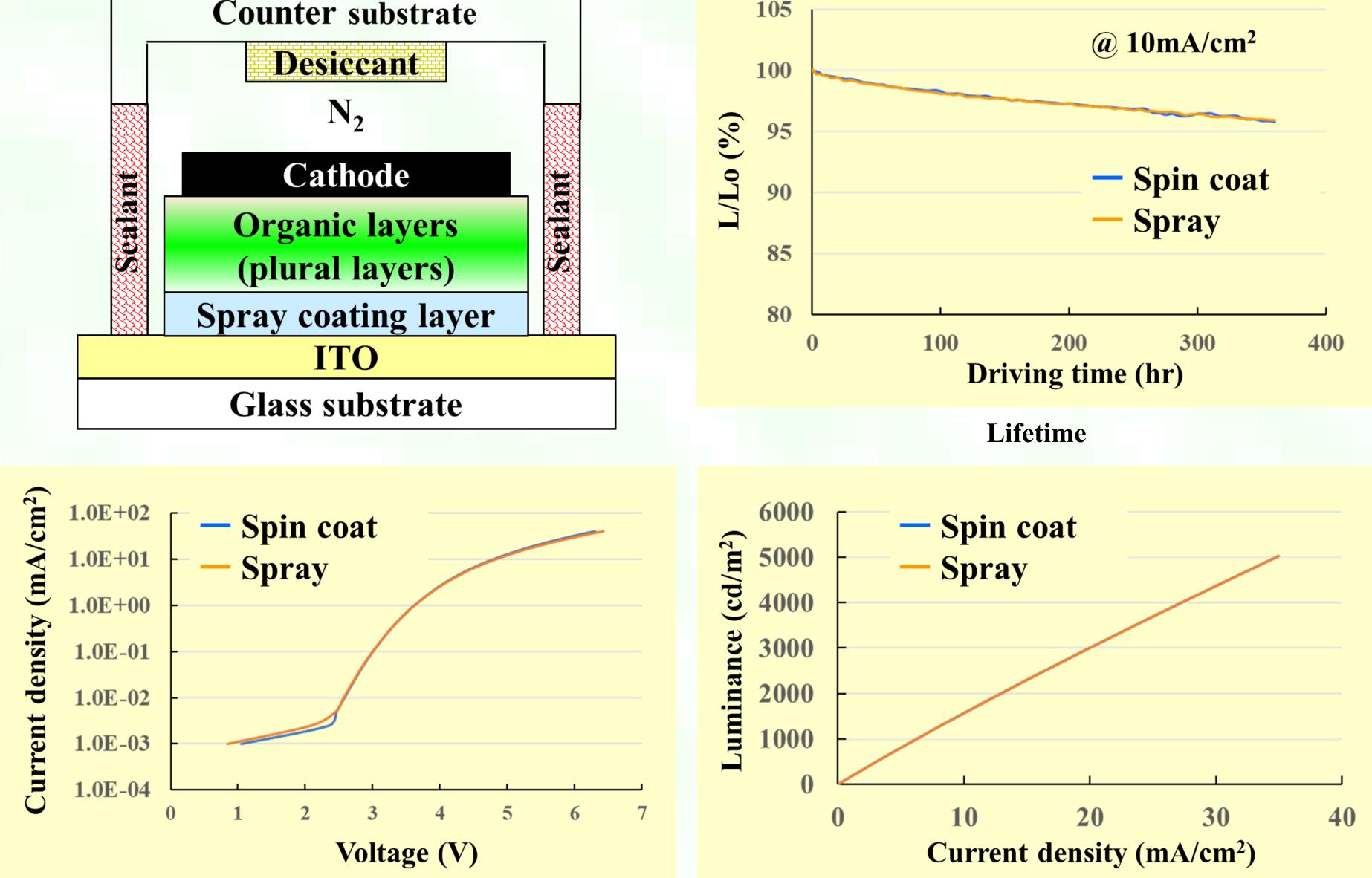
Uniform coating on large substrates

### **Developed technologies**

- Applied to OLED devices
  - Uniform emission
  - Comparable characteristics with those fabricated by spin coating



Spray equipment



#### **I-V characteristics**

#### **L-I characteristics**



**OLED** devices fabricated using spray coating



# 技術成果

# **Optical simulation**

**Optical simulation** is very useful in device architecture of OLED devices. We develope optical simulation technologies for practical OLED devices.

#### **Technological features**

- The developed optical simulation technologies of OLED devices can contribute to accuracy and efficiency of R&D in conjunction with our rich experiences on actual OLED devices.
- Software; Fluxim Setfos (Cyber Net Inc. ), etc.

#### **Developed technologies**

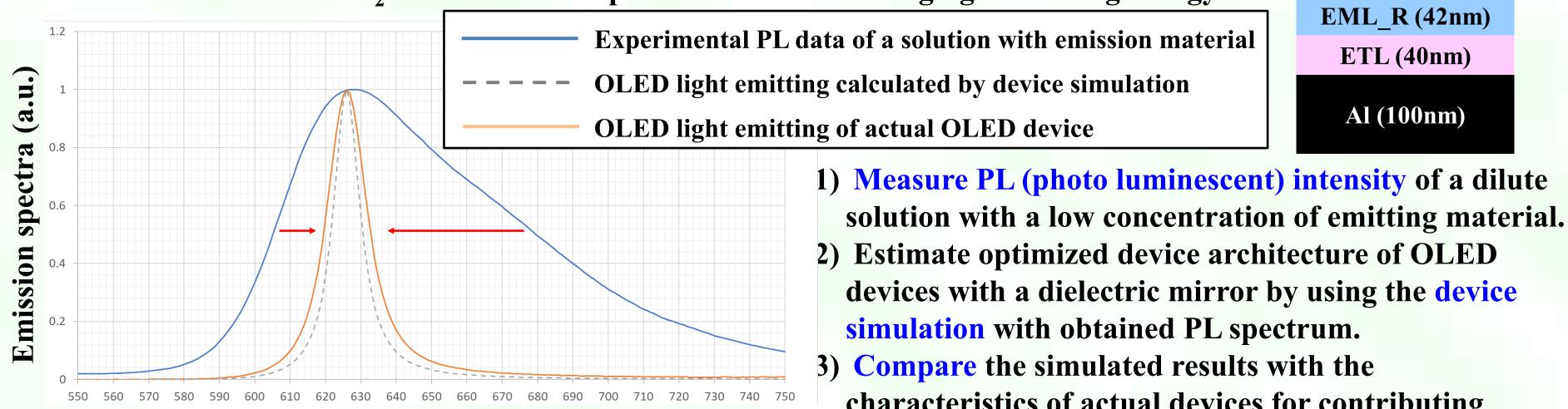
- Optical simulation of OLED device architecture with a mirror plane and a micro-cavity layer with faint-reflecting Ag anode
  - Optical simulation of optimized light emitting profile of OLED devices with a dielectric mirror with high reflective index and a micro-cavity layer with faint-reflecting Ag anode • Application of a Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> layer as high reflective index layer

Substrate  $(\infty)$  $Nb_2O_5$  (68nm) SiO<sub>2</sub> (105nm) IZO\_1 (15nm) **Ag (22nm)** 

IZO 2 (15nm)

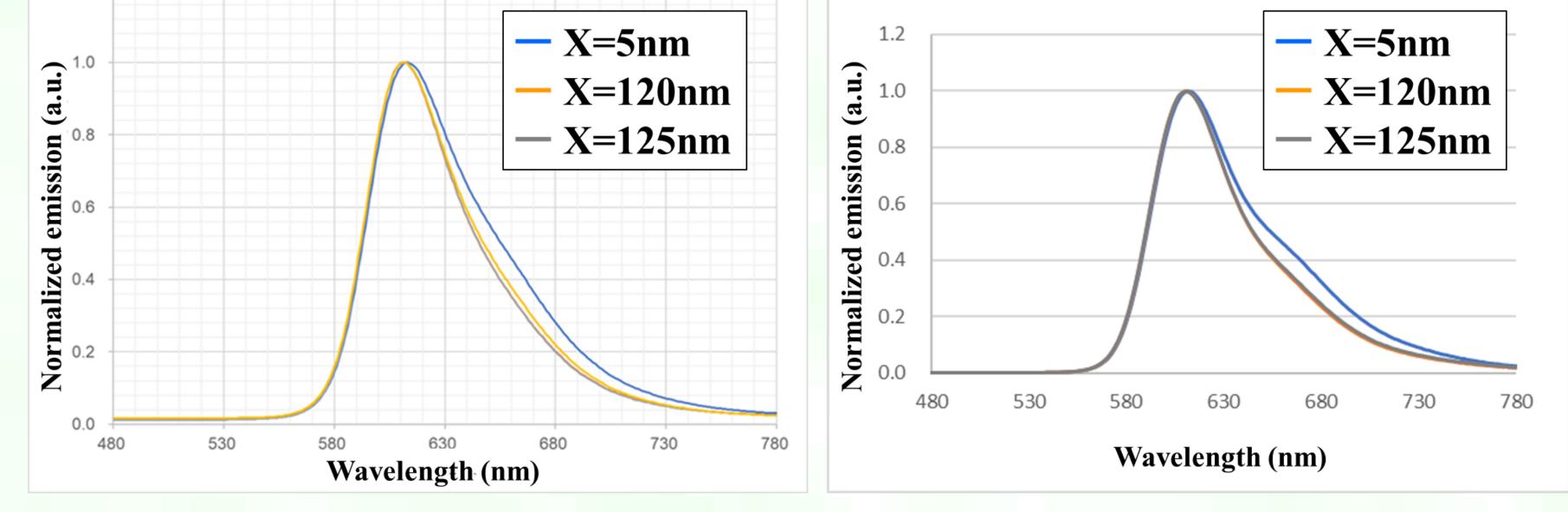
**HTL (39nm)** 

• The thicknesses of SiO<sub>2</sub> and HTL were optimized for maximizing light emitting energy.



Wavelength (nm) An example of comparison of an actual device and a simulation characteristics of actual devices for contributing accuracy and efficiency of research.

of one layer of dielectric mirror with high reflective index and a micro-cavity layer with faint-reflecting Ag anode.	Substrate ( $\infty$ )
Spectra simulation of OLED devices with different thickness of oeganic layers	ITO (150nm)
•Simulation of OLED emission spectra dependence on thickness of hole injection layer	HIL (Xnm)
(HIL) in OLED devices.	HTL (65nm)
<ul> <li>Excellent consistency between simulations and experimental results.</li> </ul>	EML_R (46nm)
	ETL (46nm)
	Al (100nm)



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**Device simulation** 

**Experimental result** 

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 

# 

**Supersensitive camera** 

#### Developed technology

# Analysis of defects, failures, structures, etc.

We contribute to practical device technologies by using various analysis such as analysis of defects failures, structures, etc..

### **Technological features**

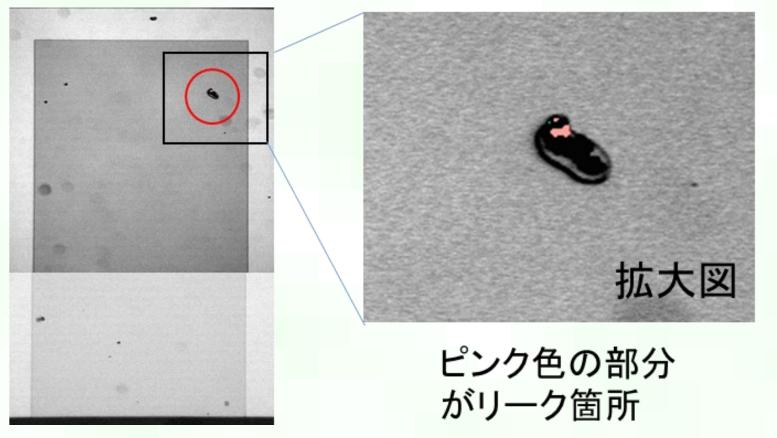
- Optical microscope
- **Digital microscope**
- AFM (Atomic Force Microscope)

### Analysis example 1

- Film thickness measurement apparatus
- **Emission microscope**
- Ionization potential measurement apparatus, etc.
- Assignment of defect point by emission microscope
  - Assignment of defect point
  - Investigation of cause of defects by combining with
    - optical microscope, FE-SEM, etc.

### [Measurement principle]

- •System: optical microscope and high sensitive camera
- Supersensitive camera can detect emission induced by hot carrier generated by applying voltage.
- Emission point can be detected by combining emission image and reflective image.

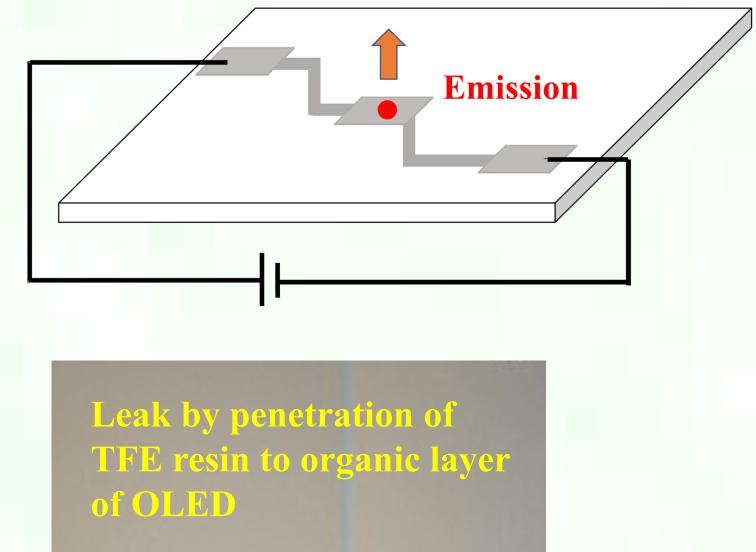


a) Detection of defects by emission microscope

## Analysis example 2

- **Observation by digital microscope** 
  - Tiling of plural images
  - Observation with magnification of 42~5600
  - Various types of observation

**Optical microscope** 



b) Observation of leak point by confocal microscopy

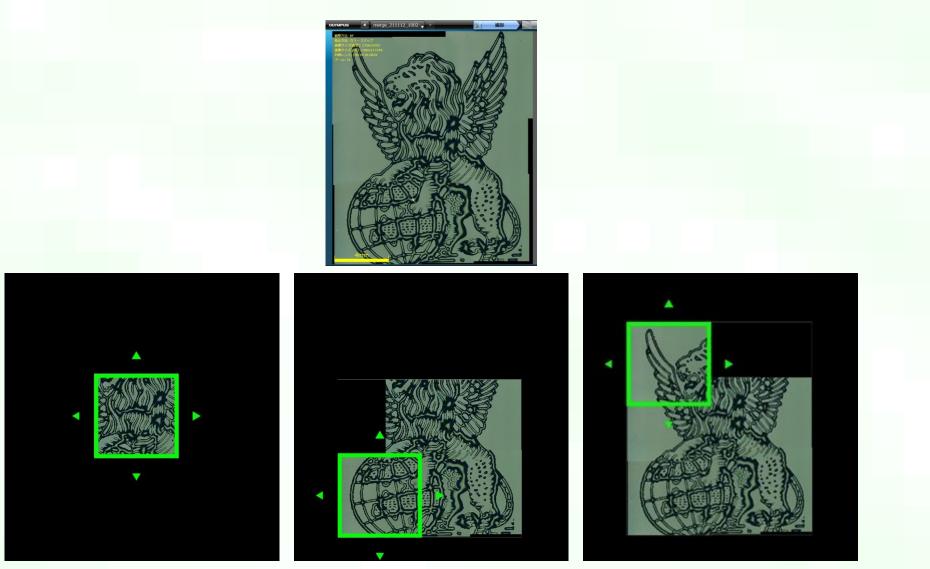
1<u>00 µm</u>

### Analysis example 3

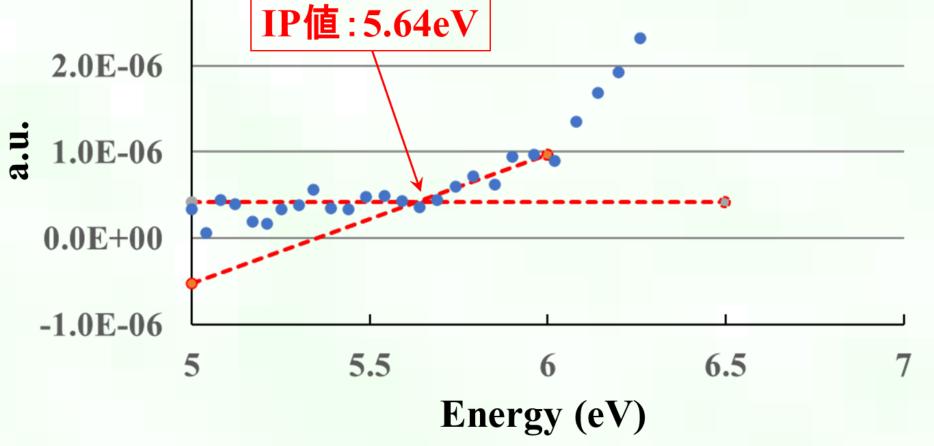
- Ionization potential (IP) measurement
  - Measurement method: Photoelectron Yield Spectroscopy (PYS)
  - 3.0E-06

(

(BF, focal illumination, DF, BF+DF, polarized illumination, differential interference)



**Observation of ink-jet printed pattern** 



#### (Example)

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**Ionization potential measurement of a novel material.** 

**Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)** 



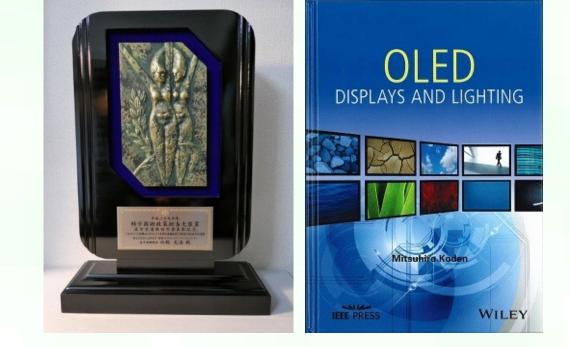
# **Topics / Publications**

# Award

H. Nakada, M. Koden, "Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan, (2017).

# **Book**

- ➢ M. Koden, "OLED Displays and Lighting" (Wiley, IEEE Press) (2017).
- M. Koden, T. Furukawa, T. Yuki, H. Nakada, Springer Link "Handbook of Organic Light-Emitting Diodes" (2020). "Transparent Electrodes"



# **Paper**

- T. Yuki, T. Nishikawa, M. Sugimoto, H. Nakada, M. Koden, ITE Trans. on MTA Vol. 9, No. 4, pp. 216-221 (2021). "High Temperature Tolerant Barrier Films with Stacking Barrier Layers by Sputtering and ALD"
- T. Furukawa, M. Koden, IEICE Trans. Electron, E100-C, 949-954 (2017).
  "Novel roll-to-roll deposition and patterning of ITO on ultra-thin glass for flexible OLEDs"

# **International Conference**

T. Furukawa, J. Hauptmann, T. Nakagaki, R. Ikeuchi, M. Sagawa, D. Nagata, J. Nakatsuka, IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-1 (2021).

"Roll-to-Roll Fabrication for OLED Lighting Using Ultra-Thin Glass Substrate and Encapsulating Stainless Steel Foil"

- M. Natsuka, Y. Ono, H. Mataki, S. Usui, H. Suzuki, M. Abe, T. Furukawa, IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-2 (2021). "Protection of OLED Lighting with Ultra-Thin Glass by Special Silicone Gel"
- Y. Kawamura, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, ICFPE 2Rm401-08-02 (2021). "Improvement of printed electrodes disconnection after 3D thermoforming by optimizing print process on PC film"
- M. Sugimoto, Y. Fukuchi, H. Tsuruta, M. Koden, H. Nakada, T. Yuki, A-COE 2021, PA-17 (2021). "OLEDs with on-demand patterns drown by ink-jet printing"
- M. Koden, M. Sugimoto, N. Kawamura, T. Yuki, H. Nakada, AM-FPD21, 3-1 (2021). [Invited] "Novel Flexible Films with High Gas Barrier Layers by Sputtering and ALD"
- T. Yuki, T. Nishikawa, M. Sugimoto, H. Nakada, M. Koden, IDW'20, FLX2-3 (2020). "High Temperature Tolerant Barrier Film with Stacking Barrier Layers by Sputtering and ALD"
- Y. Kawamura, T. Takahashi, K. Wakabayashi, H. Hirose, Y. Azakami, H. Itoh, T. Furukawa, IDW'20, FLX3-04L (2020). "Effect of Pressure Forming Conditions on PC Sheet integrating Electric Wiring for 3D Electronics Technology"
- T. Nakagaki, T. Kawabata, H. Takimoto, T. Furukawa, IDW'19, FLXp1-9L (2019). "Scribing Tool and Cutting Method for Ultra-thin Glass"
- K. Taira, T. Suzuki, W. Konno, H Chiba, H. Itoh, M. Koden, T. Takahashi, T. Furukawa, IDW'18, FLX2-4L (2018).
  "Development of High Gas Barrier Film Using Novel Precursor by Roll to Roll PECVD"
- T. Furukawa, N. Kawamura, T. Noda, Y. Hasegawa, D. Kobayashi, M. Koden, IDW'17, FLX6-2 (2017). "Novel Roll-to-Roll Fabrication Processes of Transparent Electrodes on Ultra-Thin Glass"

# **Exhibitions**

- ≻ "CEATEC 2021" (Oct. 2021).
- ➤ "JFlex" (Jan. 2019, Jan. 2020, Dec. 2020).
- ➢ "Printable Electronics" (2014, 2015, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018).
- ➤ "LOPEC" (2018, 2019 / Germany).
- ➤ "Flex Japan 2019" (May 2019).



"LED & OLED EXPO 2017" (Jun. 2017 / Korea).
"G7 Exhibition" (May 2016).
"International Photonics Exhibition 2015" (Oct. 2015 / Korea).



"International Photonics Exhibition 2015" (October 2015, Korea)



"JFlex 2020" (Jan. 2020, Tokyo)

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Printable ElectronicsJ2017 Award(1)

JFlex Award (2019, 2020)



"LOPEC" (Mar. 2019, Germany)



"Flex Japan 2019" (May 2019, Tokyo)

Research Group for Flexible Technologies (Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden)



# Main Members



#### **Professor, Director for Organic Electronics Hitoshi Nakada** nakada@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp

Field: Organic electronics devices

- 1981Graduated at Tohoku University1981~2013Pioneer Corporation
- **1988~ R&D of OLED display and OLED lighting**
- **2013~** INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

#### (Award)

- Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017).
- Optoelectronics Industry and Technology Development Association, 19th Kenjiro-Sakurai Memorial Award (2003).
- •47th Okochi Memorial Award (2000).
- (Development)



#### Professor Dr. Mitsuhiro Koden koden@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp Field: LCD, OLED, Chemistry

1983Graduated at Osaka University (PhD)1983~2012Sharp Corporation<br/>(Liquid crystal materials, LCD, OLED display, etc.)1998~2011Guest prof. of Nara Institute of Science and Technology<br/>INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

#### (Award)

- Award from Minister of State for Science and Technology Policy", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan (2017).
- •Award from The Japanese Liquid Crystal Society (2005). (Development)
- •17" Ferroelectric liquid crystal display (FLCD) prototype (1999).
- •World's first OLED product (passive-matrix OLED display) (1997).
- •World's first phosphorescent OLED product (2003).
- Passive-matrix full-color flexible OLED display prototype (2003).
- (Publication)
- •M. Sugimoto, Y. Fukuchi, H. Tsuruta, M. Koden, H. Nakada, T. Yuki, A-COE 2021, PA-17 (2021).



#### **Associate Professor Tadahiro Furukawa**

ta-furukawa@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp Field: Fine patterning technology, Printing,

Roll-to-roll technology
 Graduated at Saitama University (Master degree)
 Kyoto Printing Co., Ltd.
 R&D and production of Color filter (CF)
 R&D of flexible CF and LCD
 INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

#### (Papers)

•T. Furukawa et al, IEICE Trans. Electron, E100-C, 949-954 (2017). (International conference)

- T. Furukawa et al., IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-1 (2021).
  T. Furukawa, M. Koden, ICDT2019, 55.2 (2019). [China/Invited]
- •T. Furukawa, WCAM2018 (2018). [China/Invited]
- •T. Furukawa et al., IDW'17, FLX6-2 (2017).
- •T. Furukawa, LED & OLED EXPO 2017 (2017). [Korea]
- •T. Furukawa et al., LOPEC (2017). [Germany]
- •T. Furukawa et al., IDW/AD'16, FLX3-3 (2016).
- •T. Furukawa, IWFPE2016 (2016). [Korea/Invited]
- T. Furukawa, S. Tokito, SID 2015, 4.4 (2015).



#### Project Scientist Miho Sugimoto m-sugimoto@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp



2001~2007 IMES Co., LTD

#### Project Scientist Norifumi Kawamura n-kawamura@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp

2001 Graduated at Yamagata University (Master deg.)

2013~ INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

•M. Koden, M. Sugimoto, N. Kawamura, T. Yuki,

2007~2013 ROHM Co., Ltd. / Lumiotec Inc.

**OLEDs (Device, process, Evaluation)** 

H. Nakada, AM-FPD21, 3-1 (2021).

- •3.6" Polymer OLED display prototype fabricated by ink-jet (2006). (Book)
- •M. Koden, "OLED Displays and Lighting" (Wiley; IEEE Press) (2017).
- K. Takatoh, M. Hasegawa, M. Koden, N. Itoh, R. Hasegawa, M. Sakamoto, "Alignment Technologies and Applications of Liquid Crystal Devices" Taylor & Francis (2005).



#### Associate Professor Dr. Toshinao Yuki t-yuki@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp Field: OLED (Display, Lighting, Device) Polymer materials

1993~1996
1996~1999
Graduated at Yamagata University (PhD)
1999~2015
Tohoku Pioneer Corporation
(PMOLED, AMOLED, Tiling OLED, OLED lighting, etc.)
2015~ INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)

#### (Award)

• The 4th Japan OLED Forum Outstanding Achievement Awards (2011). (Development)

- World's first phosphorescent OLED product (2003).
- •World's first large size tiling OLED display product (2010).
- •World's first color-tunable OLED lighting product (2013).

(Publication)

 T. Yuki, T. Nishikawa, M. Sugimoto, H. Nakada, M. Koden, ITE Trans. on MTA Vol. 9, No. 4, pp. 216-221 (2021).





1999 Graduated at Keio University (Master deg.)
1999~2004 Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
2005~2019 Tohoku Pioneer Corporation
2019~ INOEL, Yamagata University (current position)
(Skills)
Film OLED, Encapsulation, Electrode,
Equipment, etc.
(Publication)
M. Sugimoto, Y. Fukuchi, H. Tsuruta, M. Koden,
H. Nakada, T. Yuki, A-COE 2021, PA-17 (2021).

January 2022 Research Group for Flexible Technologies(Nakada/Furukawa/Yuki/Koden Group) Innovation Center for Organic Electronics (INOEL) Yamagata University 1-808-48 Arcadia, Yonezawa, Yamagata 992-0119, Japan TEL +81-238-29-0575 E-mail: nakada@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp E-mail: koden@yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp URL:https://inoel.yz.yamagata-u.ac.jp/F-consortium/home-e.html 28

(Skills)

(Publication)

1990~2013 Tohoku Pioneer Corporation 2013~ INOEL, Yamagata University (current position) (Skills)

Printing (Screen printing, etc.), Roll-to-roll (R2R), OLEDs, Encapsulation, Equipment, etc. (Publication)

M. Natsuka, Y. Ono, H. Mataki, S. Usui, H. Suzuki, M. Abe, T. Furukawa, IDW'21, FLX5/FMC6-2 (2021).

